

Overview of the National Fire Research Laboratory

Nelson Bryner
Fire Research Division
July 19, 2018

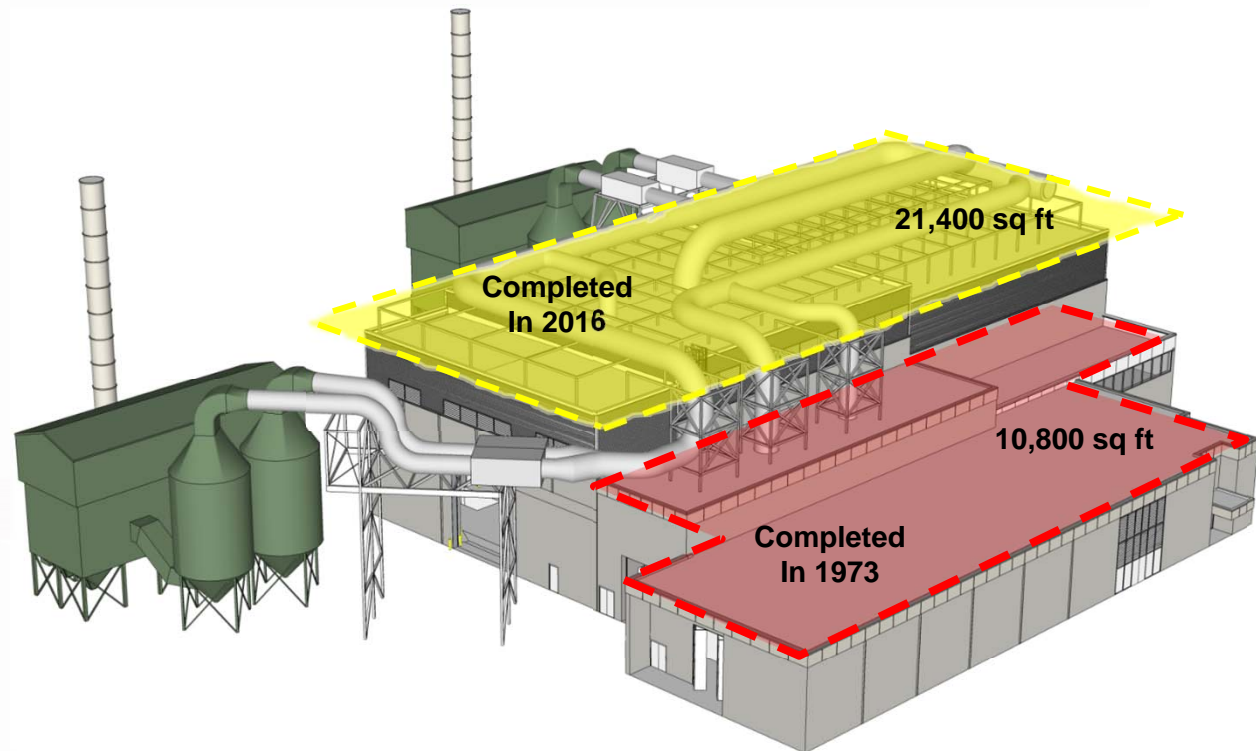
Local Emergency Planning Council (LEPC)




MontgomeryCountyMD.GOV
Office of Emergency Management and Homeland Security

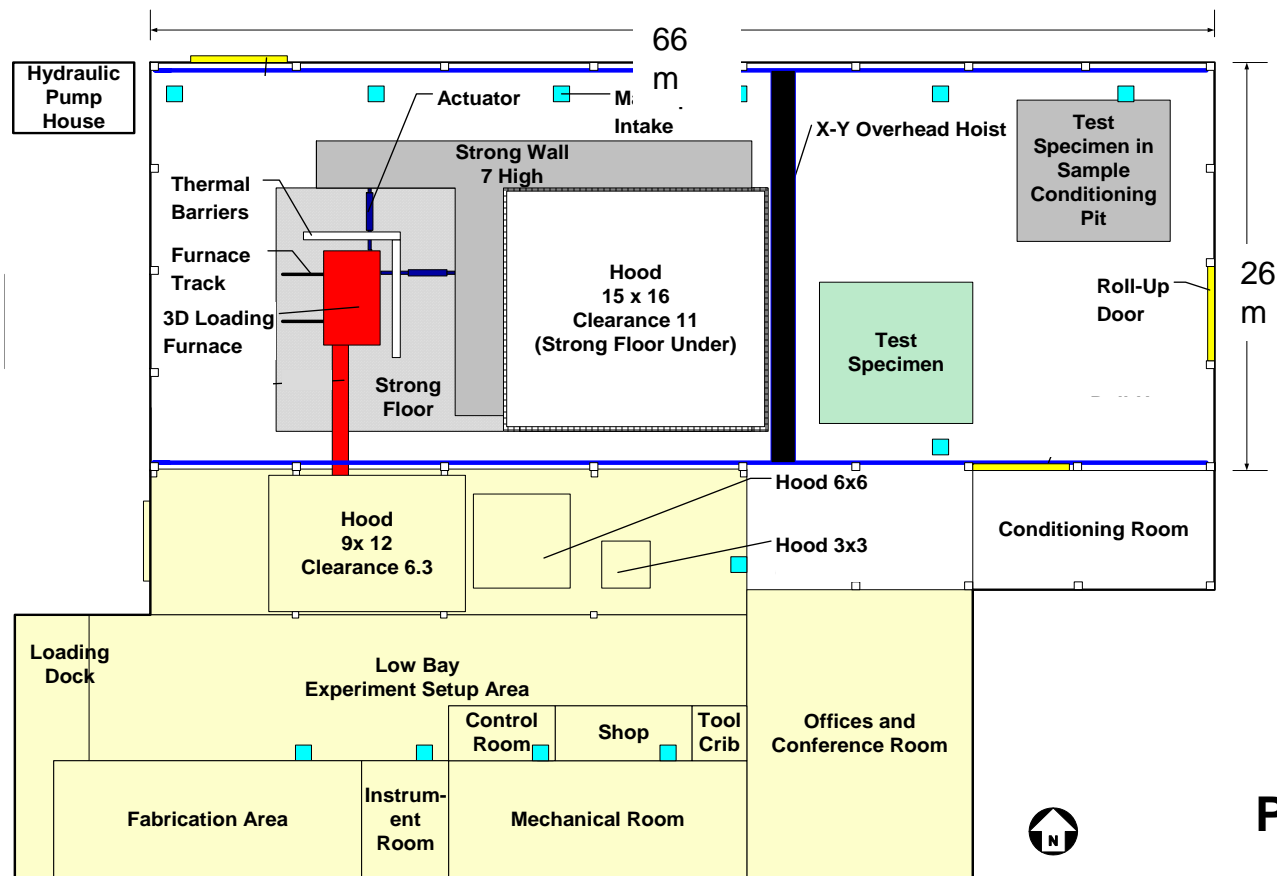
National Fire Research Laboratory (NFRL)

A unique facility dedicated to understanding fire behavior and structural response to fire



Bundy et al. "Structural Fire Experimental Capabilities at the NIST National Fire Research Laboratory." *Fire Technology*, 52(4), July, 2016, pp 959–966.

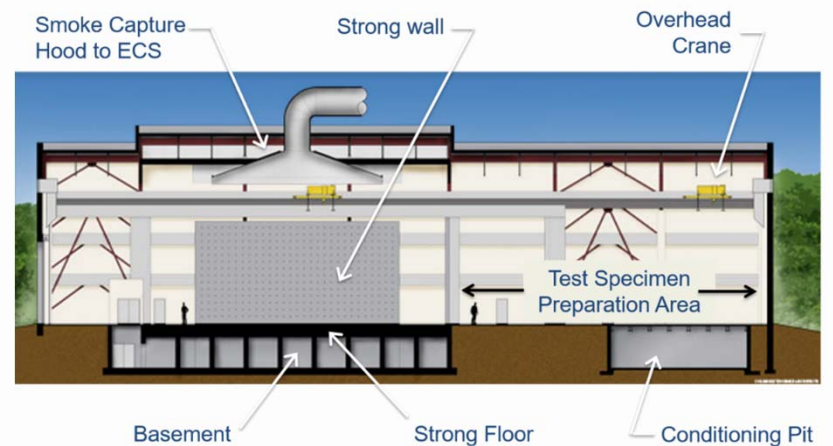

**Cold
Neutrons**



Capabilities of the NFRL



A combined structural and large fire experimental facility that can be used to study a variety of scenarios



NFRL
20 MW



0.1

1

10



100



1000



10000

Heat Release Rate [kW]

NFRL Thrust Areas

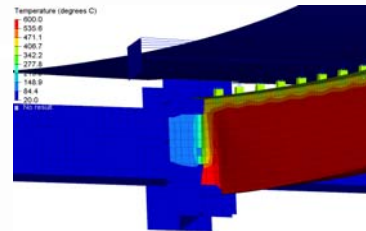
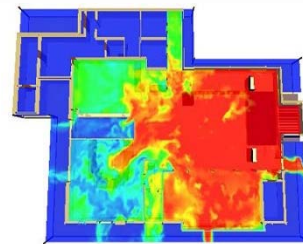
Support Post-Fire Investigation



Advance Metrology Tools



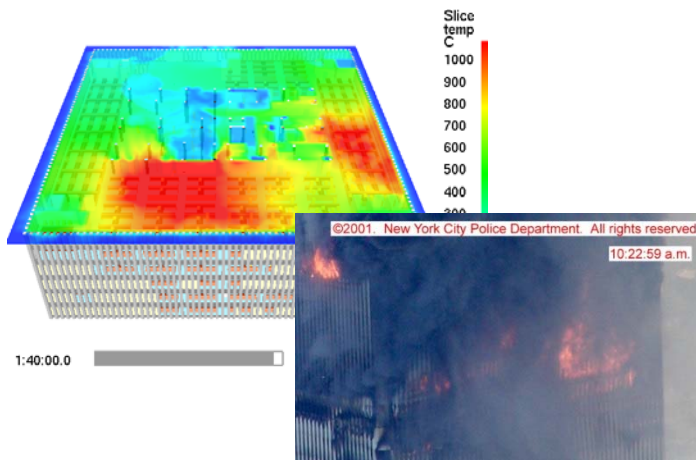
Validate Computational Models



Conduct Large-Scale Testing



Supporting NIST Fire Investigations



World Trade Center Investigation
Kevin McGrattan, Chuck Bouldin, Glenn Forney

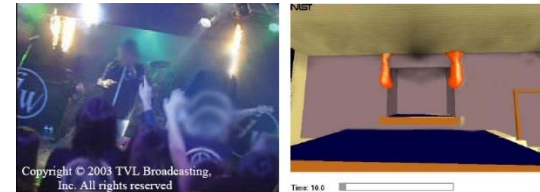
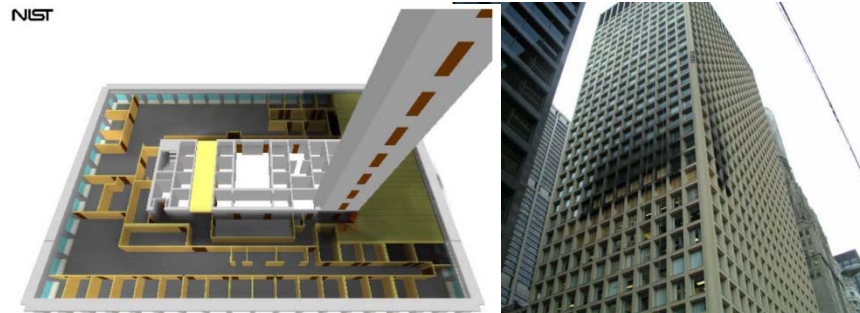


Figure 5-43. Initial growth of fire on foam at corner of the alcove (10 seconds)



Figure 5-44. Flames impinging on ceiling (19 seconds)

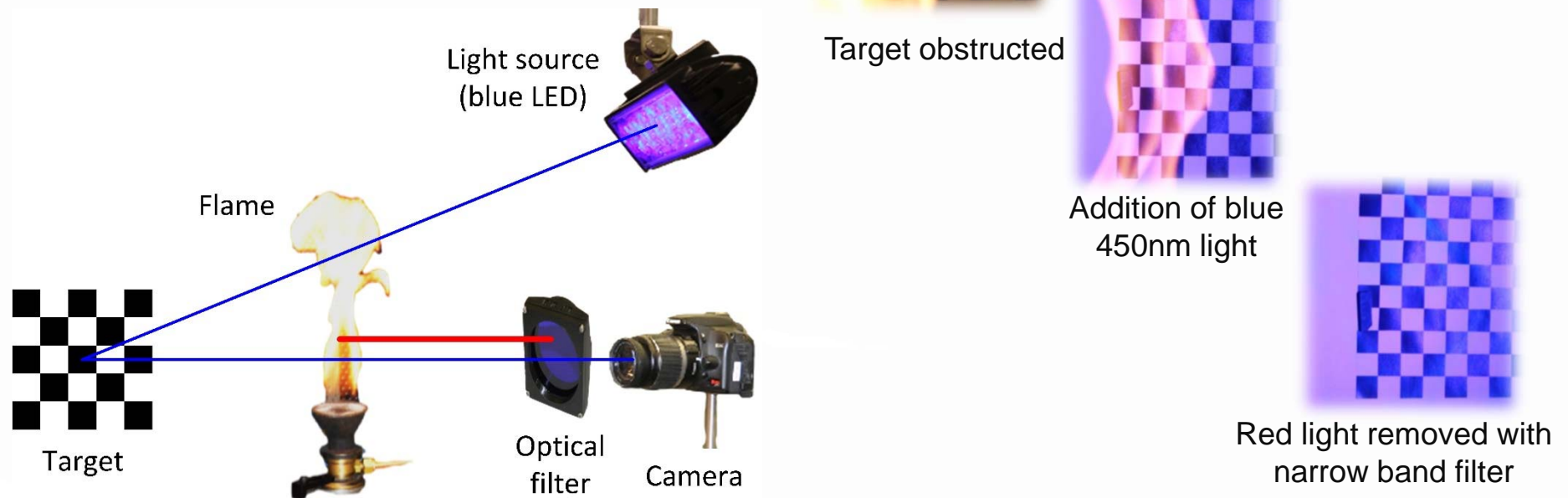
The Station Nightclub Fire
Dan Madrzykowski and Steve Kerber



Cook County Administration Building Fire
69 West Washington, Chicago, Illinois, October 17, 2003
Doug Walton and Dan Madrzykowski

Advanced Metrology Tools

To lead and foster the development and validation of advanced structural fire measurement technologies
(PIs: Matthew Bundy, Matthew Hoehler)



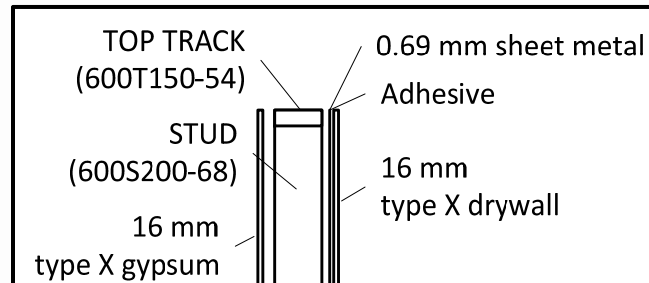
Smith & Hoehler "Imaging Through Fire Using Narrow-Spectrum Illumination."
Fire Technology, publication pending.

Large Scale Tests - Measurement of Structural Performance: Cold Formed Steel

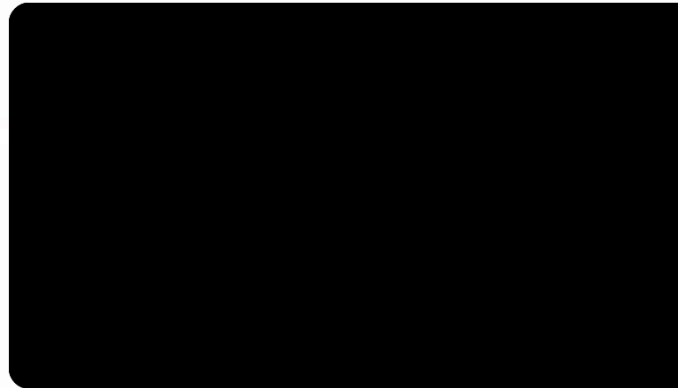
To study the influence of fire on the lateral load resistance of cold formed steel shear walls (PI: Matthew Hoehler)



Hoehler & Smith Influence of Fire on the Lateral Load Capacity of Steel-sheathed Cold-Formed Steel Shear Walls - Report of Test, NIST Internal Report (NISTIR) – 8160, 2016.



Test specimens: 2.7 m × 3.7 m



Cycle to 3% w/o burn



Cycle to 1% →
burn → cycle to 3%

Large Scale Experiments of Cross-Laminated Timber

To quantify the contribution of CLT elements to compartment fires with varied ventilation, encapsulation and exposure (PIs: Joseph Su [NRC-Canada], Matthew Hoehler [NIST])

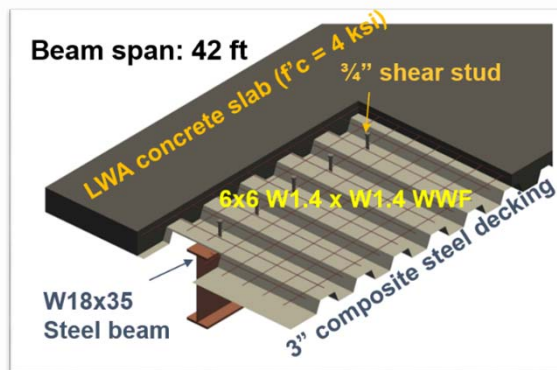


Su et al. "Fire Safety Challenges of Tall Wood Buildings – Phase 2: Task 2 & 3 – Cross Laminated Timber Compartment Fire Tests", Fire Protection Research Foundation Report, FPRF-2018-01, February 2018



Composite Floor Systems: Long-Span Beam Tests

To advance performance-based design through experimental tests on real-scale composite floor systems under fire exposures (PI: Lisa Choe)



Choe et al. "Fire Performance of Long-span Composite Beams with Gravity Connections"
Proc. Int. Conf. Structures in Fire, Belfast, UK,
June 6-8, 2018



Summary

- The National Fire Research Laboratory is a unique facility dedicated to understanding fire behavior and structural response to fire through experimental research
- It provides the unique capability to measure the performance of real-scale, mechanically loaded, structural systems under real fire conditions
- We collaborate with scientists and engineers from industry, academia, and government agencies to:
 - Advance real-scale structural-fire measurements,
 - Generate technical data to improve fire & building codes,
 - Validate physics-based models, and
 - Conduct post-fire investigations

Data and Videos at: www.nist.gov

