

About Montgomery County

Montgomery County was established by the State Convention in 1776, and from its establishment until 1948, the Montgomery County government functioned under the County Commission system. In 1948, the voters adopted a charter giving the County home rule and a council-manager form of government. In 1968, the voters approved a new charter providing for separate legislative and executive branches of government, with legislative power vested in an elected County Council and executive power in an elected County Executive. The new charter became effective with the election of the County Executive and Council in November 1970. The Montgomery County Council is composed of nine members, four of whom are elected by all voters in the County. The remaining five Councilmembers are each elected from one of five Councilmanic districts.

Montgomery County contains 497 square miles (or 316,000 acres) of land area. The County population was 1,016,677 as of July 2013, consisting of 47.0 percent White (non-Hispanic) and 53.0 percent cultural minorities. About 39.5 percent of Maryland's foreign-born population resides in Montgomery County in 2013.

The 2013 median household income was \$98,326. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), the County's estimated labor force for September 2014 is 529,118 with an unemployment rate of 4.5 percent. Montgomery County is an employment center with 60.7 percent of employment occupied by persons residing and working in the County. For the 2014 Fall enrollment, 153,852 pupils were registered in the County's schools.

