



Capital Budget Process

INTRODUCTION

This section provides a brief introduction to Montgomery County Government and the capital budget process. The purpose of this section is to acquaint the reader with the organization of this document and to familiarize the reader with the Capital Improvements Program (CIP) budget document. A glossary of budget terms and concepts, including acronyms, is contained elsewhere in this publication.

THE BUDGET PROCESS

Authority

The Charter of Montgomery County, Maryland, approved by the voters in 1968 and implemented in 1970, provides for a County Council/Executive form of government. Under this form of government, the County Executive develops and recommends budget proposals, and the County Council then authorizes expenditures and sets property tax rates. The Charter also provides for an annual six-year Public Services Program (PSP), operating budget, and capital budget, and a biennial six-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP). These budgets and related fiscal and programmatic plans provide the basis for understanding, coordinating, and controlling County government programs and expenditures.

Requirements for submission of, and action on, County budgets are contained in Article 3 of the Charter. Copies of the Charter are available at Council offices and can also be found on the County website at <http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/mcg/countycode.html>.

State laws govern budgeting practices for Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS), Montgomery College (MC), Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC), and WSSC Water, and provide for an annual CIP for WSSC Water.

Fiscal Year

The 12-month period used to account for revenues and expenditures in Montgomery County commences on July 1 of each year and ends on June 30 of the following year. A budget process flowchart timeline appears later in the section, which displays the relationships between the capital budget/CIP, operating budget/PSP, and Growth Policy processes across the year.

Operating and Capital Budgets

Under the Charter (Section 303), the County Executive's Recommended Budget includes the Capital Improvements Program (CIP), published by January 15 in even-numbered calendar years; the capital budget, published annually by January 15; and the Public Services Program (PSP)/operating budget, published annually by March 15. The Charter was amended in 1996 to change the annual requirement for a CIP to a capital budget each year and a CIP for periods beginning in odd-numbered fiscal years.

The proposed budgets must identify all recommended expenditures and the revenues used to fund the budgets. For further information about the PSP/operating budget process, please refer to the Operating Budget Process section of the most recent County Executive's Recommended Public Services Program.

The Charter (Section 305) places restrictions on increases in annual budgets, excluding the operating budgets of non-tax supported Enterprise Funds, WSSC Water, and the bi-county portion of the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission. The aggregate budget cannot grow more than the Consumer Price Index-Urban (CPI-U) for all urban consumers in the Washington-

Metropolitan area from November to November without at least seven votes of the County Council.

Other sections of the Charter prohibit expenditure of County funds in excess of available unencumbered appropriations and the use of long-term debt to fund current operating expenses.

Spending Affordability Process

The spending affordability process for the Capital Improvements Program is required by Section 305 of the Charter of Montgomery County, Maryland and Chapter 20 of the Montgomery County Code and begins by September of each odd-numbered calendar year.

The Charter was amended in 2020 to include a cap on the annual increase in the weighted property tax rate. The weighted real property tax rate may not exceed the weighted tax rate on real property approved for the previous year, unless all current Councilmembers vote to exceed that cap. In addition, the County Council must adopt annual spending affordability guidelines for both the operating and capital budgets which can only be exceeded by an affirmative vote of eight Councilmembers for approval.

By the first Tuesday in October and after a public hearing, the County Council must set Spending Affordability Guidelines (SAG) for the bonds planned for issue (both general obligation and Park and Planning bonds) for years one and two of the six-year program and for the total six-year program. In adopting SAG, the Council considers, among other relevant factors:

- growth in the assessable base and estimated revenues from the property tax;
- other estimated revenues;
- Countywide debt capacity;
- relative tax burden on County taxpayers;
- the level of inflation and inflation trends;
- demographic trends, including population and education enrollment;
- commercial construction, housing, and other building activity; and
- employment levels.

By the first Tuesday in February, the County Council may increase, by up to ten percent, or decrease the guidelines to reflect a significant change in conditions by a simple majority vote.

If the final Capital Improvements Program budget exceeds the guidelines then in effect, eight affirmative votes are required.

Citizens Advisory Board Budget Forums

The County Executive sponsors forums to give County residents an opportunity to provide input on the County's Capital Budget and Capital Improvements Program priorities, have their voices heard, contribute ideas that could be used in the development of the budget, as well as learn about the County's capital budget and get answers to their questions.

Capital Budget/CIP Preparation and County Executive Review

Departments and agencies prepare budget requests within guidelines established by the County Executive (for the County departments) and by law (for other government agencies). These are submitted for analysis by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and are reviewed by the County Executive during the period September - December. The review process culminates in final decisions and County Executive recommendations in the budget document are submitted to the Council by January 15.

Racial Equity & Social Justice

During the FY27 Capital Budget development season, the County continued to use a racial equity lens to assess how CIP projects are likely to impact racial disparities and other inequities in the County. Incorporating lessons learned from previous budget development seasons, the Office of Racial Equity and Social Justice's (ORESJ) Director and policy analysis staff provided a tool and guidance

manual, in addition to providing training and technical assistance, to support the use of a racial equity lens throughout the project and budget development process. These resources support the County's implementation of the Racial Equity and Social Justice Act and bring into focus how the budget impacts racial disparities and inequities in the County.

The FY27 Capital Budget development season included the use of the Capital Budget Equity Tool (CBET) by County departments and ORESJ. The CBET makes applying a racial equity lens concrete by providing a structured approach for identifying, analyzing, and interpreting data about historical and current racial disparities and inequities in the County.

For the FY27 budget development season, the CBET included seven questions organized into the following three steps that build towards demonstrating how the proposed project responds to racial disparities, inequities, and unintended consequences:

Step 1: Establish the context and need for the project.

Step 2: Apply a racial equity lens to the problem or issues the project seeks to address.

Step 3: Explain how the project responds to the information generated from using a racial equity lens.

Responses to the tool and analysis of those responses provided decisionmakers with new insights and pathways for allocating resources in ways that contribute to reducing and ultimately eliminating racial disparities and inequities in the County.

ORESJ will continue its forward momentum in the following activities:

- conduct Racial Equity Impact Assessments of supplemental and special appropriation requests;
- train all Montgomery County employees on racial equity and social justice;
- guide County departments' examination of policies, procedures, and practices to determine if they create or exacerbate racial disparities in the County;
- build capacity across departments to disaggregate data by race and ethnicity; and
- develop metrics to measure the success of County government programs, and short-term and long-term goals.

During the budget development season, the Office of Management and Budget carried out the following activities:

- OMB and ORESJ developed criteria and selected projects that are either new or in a phase of development where the application of a racial equity analysis will be most impactful;
- worked to include projects likely to advance racial equity;
- when considering projects to defer, sought to limit negative impacts on projects assessed to advance racial equity; and
- considered what population demographics tend to be served by different types of facilities when that data exists.

Climate Change

During the FY27 Capital Budget development season, the County Executive, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), the County's Climate Change Officer (CCO), the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), and relevant departments integrated considering climate change into the process. This consideration included addressing climate change by reducing greenhouse gas emissions, and how projects are adapted to a changing climate. Climate change questions within the budget system facilitated consideration as recommendations were developed, and before decisions were made.

Departments were asked to include the following in their budget submission:

- indicate a project's impact on greenhouse gas emissions;
- identify how a project would increase the use or generation of renewable energy;

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- identify aspects of a project that would help the County withstand future impacts of climate change (e.g., high heat days, severe storms, flooding, and high winds); and
 - indicate if a project is pursuing or has earned a green building certification.

The CCO piloted a climate change consideration process and convened a committee including subject matter experts from the Department of Transportation (DOT), Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), Office of Emergency Management and Homeland Security (OEMHS), and Department of General Services (DGS) to make climate prioritization recommendations to the County Executive.

Public Hearings

Citizen participation is essential to a fair and effective budget process. Many citizens and advisory groups work with specific departments to ensure that their concerns are addressed in departmental requests. The Charter requires the Council to hold a public hearing not earlier than 21 days after receipt of the budget from the County Executive. For further information and dates of the Council's public hearings on the County Executive's Recommended Capital Budget/CIP, contact the Legislative Information Office at 240-777-7900. Hearings are held in the Council Hearing Room of the Stella B. Werner Council Office Building, unless otherwise specified.

Public hearings are advertised in County newspapers. Speakers must register with the Council Office to testify at the public hearings (www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council). Persons wishing to testify should call the Council Office to register at 240-777-7803. If it is not possible to testify in person at the hearings, written, audio, or video testimony is acceptable and can be submitted online.

County Council Budget Review

After receiving input from the public, the County Council begins its review of the Executive's Recommended Capital Budget/CIP. Each category area and agency program is reviewed by a designated County Council committee. Agency and OMB representatives meet with these committees to provide information and clarification concerning the recommended budget and six-year plan for each project. In April and May, the full County Council meets in regular session, reviews the recommendations of its committees, and takes final action on each project.

Operating and Capital Budget Approval

The Charter of Montgomery County, Maryland requires that the County Council approve and make appropriations annually for the operating and capital budgets by June 1. In even-numbered calendar years, the County Council also approves a six-year Capital Improvements Program. Prior to June 30, the County Council must set the property tax levies necessary to finance the budgets.

Amending the Approved Operating and Capital Budgets

The operating and capital budgets may be amended at any time after adoption by the County Council. The following terms are included in the glossary contained elsewhere in this document:

Supplemental appropriations are recommended by the County Executive, specify the source of funds to finance the additional expenditures, and generally occur after January 1 of the fiscal year. Supplemental appropriations that comply with, avail the County of, or put into effect the provisions of Federal, State, or local legislation or regulations that are approved after January 1 requires a vote of six Councilmembers. Supplemental appropriations approved before January 1 of any fiscal year must be approved by an affirmative vote of seven Councilmembers.

Special appropriations are recommended by either the County Executive or County Council and are used when it is necessary to meet an unforeseen emergency or disaster or act without delay in the public interest. The County Council may approve a special appropriation after a public notice by news release, and each special appropriation must be approved by not less than seven Councilmembers.

Transfers of appropriation do not exceed ten percent of the original County Council appropriation. For the Capital Improvements Program, County Executive transfers (CET) of original appropriation may be accomplished by the County Executive, where transfers are within or between divisions of the same department, or they may be made within the same category of expenditures. The County Council may accomplish transfers that are between departments or expenditure categories. No transfer shall be made between the operating and capital budget appropriation.

Other sections of the Charter of Montgomery County, Maryland provide for Executive veto or reduction of items in the budget approved by the County Council and the accumulation of surplus revenues.

Amending the Approved CIP may be done by the County Council at any time for either new projects or changes to existing projects which require appropriation. The County Executive considers the following criteria when reviewing amendments for transmittal to the County Council:

- project leverages significant non-County sources of funds (for example, Federal aid for bridges, State aid for schools);
- project is needed to comply with effects of a new law;
- project is needed to address an *urgent* health or safety concern;
- project is needed to address an *urgent* school capacity need in the first two year of the CIP (for example, adjustment to assure current project meets scheduled September opening or a new project for a newly identified need);
- project offers the opportunity to achieve *significant* savings or cost avoidance or to generate *significant* additional revenue (for example, the bid has come in lower than budget, allowing funds to be redirected; operating budget savings are documented; fees collected will increase);
- project is needed to keep transportation or school projects on approved annual growth policy schedule;
- project supports *significant* economic development initiatives, which in turn will strengthen the fiscal capacity of the County government;
- project offers a *significant* opportunity, which will be lost if not taken at this time;
- project scope adjustment is needed on inter-jurisdictional projects due to changed conditions;
- project is delayed for policy reasons;
- project has validated extraordinary inflation (as seen in bids);
- project must be amended for technical reasons (for example, to implement policy decisions or recognize extraordinary cost increases); and
- project expenditures can be/must be delayed to provide fiscal capacity, given changes in conditions since the Approved CIP was adopted.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM AND CAPITAL BUDGET

The CIP covers construction of all public buildings, roads, and other facilities planned by County public agencies over a six-year period. The CIP is an integrated presentation, including capital expenditure estimates, funding requirements, capital budget requests, and program data for all County departments and agencies. The capital budget includes required appropriation expenditures and funding for the forthcoming fiscal year, the first year of the six-year program. An estimate of required appropriations for the second year of the six-year program is also included.

In addition to these documents, the County publishes a growth policy to provide guidance to agencies of government and to citizens on matters concerning land use development; growth management; and related environmental, economic, and social issues. The growth policy serves as a major tool in managing the County's development, and as such, provides significant guidance in the preparation of the CIP and the commitment of resources in the six-year PSP.

WHY CAPITAL PROGRAMMING?

A coordinated program for the planning, implementation, and financing of public facilities and other physical infrastructure is essential to meet the needs of a County with diverse populations and resources. Capital improvements are those which, because of expected long-term usefulness, size, and cost, require large expenditures of capital funds usually programmed over more than one year and result in a durable capital asset. The largest single source of capital project financing is tax-exempt bonds. The bonds are issued as general obligations of the County, by a self-supporting agency, or as an obligation of the revenues supporting a specific project. The debt service on these bonds—the repayment of principal and interest over the life of the bonds—becomes one of the items in the annual operating budget and a factor in the annual tax rate. Also, the County's fiscal policy sets certain limits on the total amount of debt that can be incurred in order to maintain fiscal stability and the highest available quality rating for County bonds, thereby obtaining the lowest interest rate. It is, therefore, critical that the CIP be both cost-conscious and balanced over the six-year period so that the fiscal impact will not weigh too heavily in any single year.

The objectives of the CIP may be summarized as:

- to build those facilities required to support the County's PSP objectives.
- to support the physical development objectives incorporated in approved County plans, especially land use master plans as controlled by the County's General Plan, growth policy, and Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance.
- to assure the availability of public improvements to provide opportunities to accommodate and attract private development consistent with approved developmental objectives.
- to improve financial planning by comparing needs with resources, estimating future bond issues, plus debt service and other current revenue needs, and, thus, identifying future operating budget, tax rate, and debt capacity implications.
- to establish priorities among projects so that limited resources are used to the best advantage.
- to identify, as accurately as possible, the impacts of public facility decisions on future operating budgets, in terms of energy use, maintenance costs, and staffing requirements.
- to provide a concise, central source of information on all planned public construction for citizens, agencies, and other interest groups.
- to provide a basis for effective public participation in decisions related to public facilities and other physical improvements.

While the County's planning and programming process is established, the CIP is improved and refined from year to year in order to seek the most effective means of providing needed public facilities in a timely and fiscally-responsible manner.

CIP IMPACTS ON THE OPERATING BUDGET

The CIP impacts the operating budget in several ways:

Debt Service. The annual payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds and other long-term debt used to finance roads, schools, and other major projects is included in the operating budget as a required expenditure.

Current Revenue Funding. Selected CIP projects are funded directly with County current revenues. This is usually done because the asset can't be supported by debt due to its useful life or due to the planned use of the facility/infrastructure. These amounts are included in the operating budget as specific transfers to individual projects within the capital projects fund.

Pay-As-You-Go (PAYGO) Financing. An additional amount may be included in the operating budget as a direct bond offset to reduce the amount of borrowing required for project financing.

Operating Budget Impacts. The construction of government buildings and facilities usually results in new annual costs for maintenance, utilities, and additional staffing required for facility management and operation. Whenever a new or expanded facility involves program expansion, as with new school buildings, libraries, or fire stations, the required staffing and equipment (principals,

librarians, fire apparatus) represent additional operating budget expenditures. The County Executive's Recommended CIP includes analysis of these operating budget impacts to aid in review and decisions relative to the timing of public facilities and to more clearly show what a new building or road will cost in addition to its construction costs and any required debt service.

Public Facilities Planning. Planning for capital improvement projects is tied to the County's continuing development and growth in population, numbers of households, and businesses. Land use master plans and sector plans for the County's geographic planning areas anticipate needs for roads, schools, and other facilities required by new or changing population. Functional plans anticipate needs for government functions and services ranging from provision of water and sewerage to recycling and resource management, libraries, and fire and rescue services. Other studies assess future educational, health, and human services needs of the County. These plans are analyzed for likely new facilities or service delivery requirements and their potential operating costs which will eventually add to annual operating budgets. Each year, the County continues its efforts to improve the linkages between the CIP, the PSP, and County planning activities.

CIP CATEGORIES

One of the features of Montgomery County's capital programming is the classification of County government projects and other agency programs into the categories listed below. These categories classify the activities of local government on a functional basis which is closely related to the County's computerized accounting system. The published CIP documents are organized by categories for County government departments and by agency for organizations outside the Executive Branch departments.

The six-year PSP/operating budget also uses a similar category structure to describe functional operating services of the County government and other County agencies. With both the six-year PSP and CIP utilizing these categories as an overall organizational framework, relationships between public facilities and public services can be seen.

CIP Categories/Subcategories

Culture and Recreation

- Public Libraries
- Recreation

Conservation of Natural Resources

- Agricultural Land Preservation
- Storm Drains
- Stormwater Management

Community Development and Housing

- Community Development
- Housing
- Housing - HOC

Education

- Countywide (MCPS)

-
- Individual Schools (MCPS)
 - Higher Education (Montgomery College)

General Government

- County Offices and Other Improvements
- Economic Development
- Other General Government
- Technology Services

Health and Human Services

- Health and Human Services

Maryland-National Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC)

- Parks Acquisition
- Parks Development

Public Safety

- Correction and Rehabilitation
- Fire and Rescue Service
- Other Public Safety
- Police

Recycling and Resource Management

- Recycling and Resource Management

Revenue Authority

- Golf Courses
- Miscellaneous Revenue Authority Projects

Transportation

- Highway Maintenance
- Mass Transit (MCG)
- Parking
- Pedestrian Facilities/Bikeways
- Roads, Bridges, and Traffic Improvements

WSSC Water

- Sewerage (Bi-County)
- Sewerage (Montgomery County)
- Water (Bi-County)
- Water (Montgomery County)

WMATA

- Mass Transit (WMATA)

SPECIAL PROJECTS LEGISLATION

In November 1978, the Charter was amended to require certain County funded special capital improvement projects to be individually authorized by law. The County Executive and County Council have fulfilled this obligation each year, affording citizens of Montgomery County greater opportunity to participate in the capital budget process and to petition projects to referendum at the next scheduled election.

Section 302 of the Charter and Section 20-1 of the County Code require that all capital improvement projects which meet any of the following criteria be individually authorized by law: all capital projects, except those excluded by law, which are in excess of the annually revised cost criterion; all capital projects which are determined by the County Council to possess unusual characteristics; or any capital project which is determined to be of sufficient public importance to warrant special legislation.

Section 20-1 of the County Code applies special capital improvement project requirements to all buildings, roads, utilities, parks, and related improvements which are proposed for development on a single, unified site, are identifiable as separate facilities, and meet one of the three Charter criteria described above.

The cost criterion used to determine whether a project needs special legislation is revised each year by Executive Order and reflects the annual change in the published composite cost index established by the U.S. Department of Commerce. The cost criterion applicable to projects in the FY27 Capital Budget and the FY27-32 Capital Improvements Program is \$25,582,000.

The Status of Special Capital Improvements Projects Legislation report in this chapter's appendices shows the capital improvement projects for which special authorization is requested and some projects that are not subject to authorization, but which exceed the cost limit.

Public hearings, as required by law for all legislation, will be conducted in the spring, and any special capital improvement authorization enacted by the County Council is valid for five years after the authorization becomes law. The County Council may reauthorize a project before or after an existing authorization expires. An authorized project need not be reauthorized if a contract for construction of the project is executed before the authorization expires. These requirements do not apply to projects financed with Revenue Bonds.

GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE

Montgomery County includes several organizational components and joint ventures, including:

Montgomery County Government (MCG), which includes Executive Branch departments (such as Recreation, Transportation, Police) and offices (such as County Attorney), the County Council's legislative offices and boards, the Circuit Court, and judicial offices;

Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS), under the authority of the Board of Education (BOE);

Montgomery College (MC), the County's two-year community college, under the authority of its Board of Trustees;

Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC), a bi-county agency which manages public parkland and provides land use planning, with administration shared with Prince George's County;

WSSC Water, a bi-county agency which provides water and sewer service to Montgomery and Prince George's Counties;

Housing Opportunities Commission (HOC), the County's public housing authority;

Montgomery County Revenue Authority, a public corporation for self-supporting enterprises of benefit to the County; and

Bethesda Urban Partnership, a not-for-profit organization, which executes contracts for the benefit of one of the primary government's special taxing districts (Bethesda Urban District).

Along with M-NCPPC and WSSC Water, the following organizations are also considered joint ventures of the County: Washington Suburban Transit Commission (WSTC), Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA), Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), and Northeast Maryland Waste Disposal Authority (NEMWDA).

An organization chart is included at the back of this section to help the reader understand the relationship between the County Executive's Recommended Budget and the several government agencies in Montgomery County.

OPEN BUDGET

Montgomery County, Maryland offers a comprehensive Open Data Budget Publication that takes the very complex and detailed data found in the traditional budget publication and transforms it into an intuitive, accessible and shareable format. Features included are:

- Interactive charts, tables, maps and videos
- A custom Google search engine
- Archiving previous years' data/content
- Unlimited sharing/discovery of data, tables, and visualizations
- Mobility (works on smartphones, tablets, and desktops)
- American with Disabilities Act (ADA) Compliance
- Instantly translatable into 90+ languages

For more, please visit the County's Open Budget website at montgomerycountymd.gov/openbudget

APPENDICES TO THIS SECTION

Status of Special Capital Improvement Projects Legislation

The table provides the status of Special Capital Improvement legislation for projects that exceed specific cost criteria described previously in this section.

Montgomery County Map

This map displays the major roads in Montgomery County, and Montgomery County's location in the State of Maryland.

Montgomery County Government Public Documents

This table contains a list of all budget-related public documents, including the approximate dates of publication and how they may be obtained.

Budget Process Flow Chart

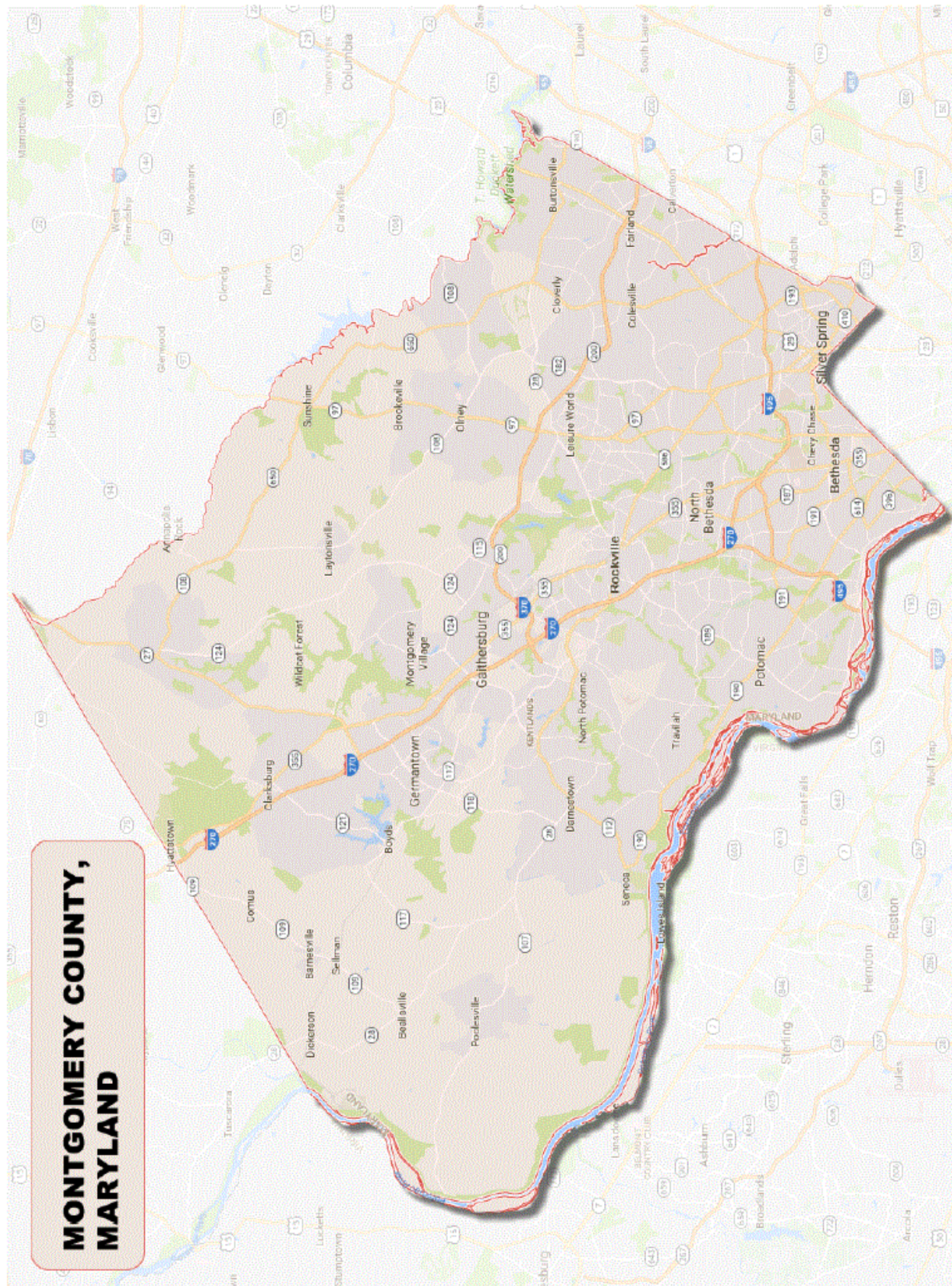
This chart follows the capital/CIP and operating/PSP budget process from the start of the process in April and July to the final approval of the budgets in May/June of the following year for all agencies.

Montgomery County Functional Organization Chart

This chart displays the organizational structure of departments and agencies for the County government.

Status of Special Capital Improvements Program Legislation

Project Name (Project Number)	Total County Local Funds (000s)	Bill Number	Date	Current Status/Remarks
Fire/Rescue Service				
White Flint Fire Station 23 (P451502)	51,504	26-23E	07/03/23	Required (FY27)
Recreation				
Wheaton Arts and Cultural Center (P722106)	45,378			Required (FY27)



MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC DOCUMENTS

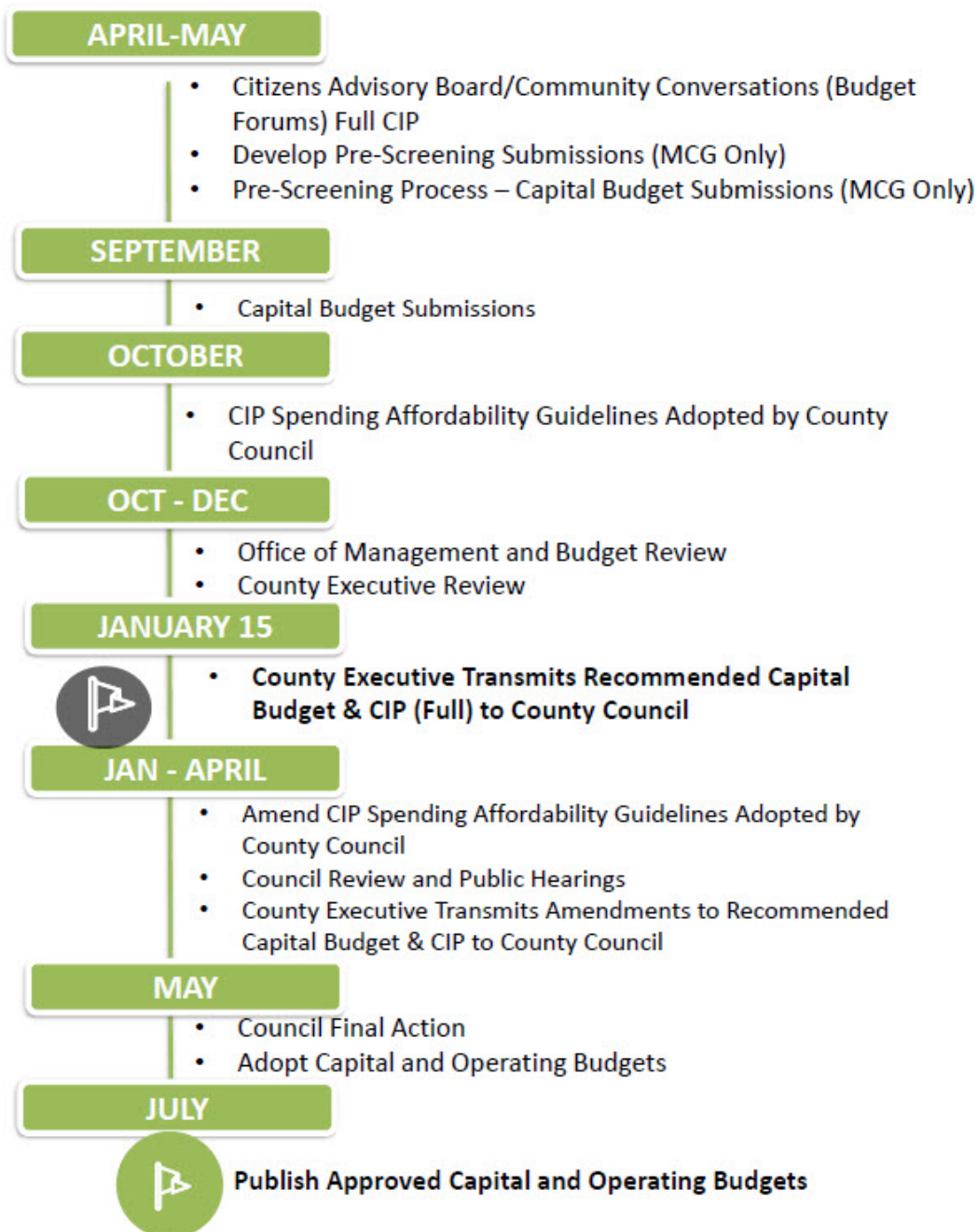
Annual Budgets and Growth Policy Information

DATE	ITEM	AVAILABILITY
January 15th (even calendar years)	County Executive's Recommended Capital Budget and Capital Improvements Program (CIP) <i>County Executive's Transmittal; Introductory Sections; County Government Departments; HOC; Revenue Authority; MCPS; Montgomery College; M-NCPPC; WSSC Water</i>	www.montgomerycountymd.gov/omb Reference copies at public libraries Office of Management and Budget (240-777-2800)
January 15th (odd calendar years)	County Executive's Recommended Capital Budget and Amendments to (Prior Year) Capital Improvements Program <i>County Executive's Transmittal; Capital Budget; Amendments</i>	www.montgomerycountymd.gov/omb
March 15th	County Executive's Recommended Operating Budget and Public Services Program <i>County Executive's Transmittal; Financial Summaries; Legislative, Judicial, Executive Branch Departments; MCPS; Montgomery College; M-NCPPC; WSSC Water</i>	www.montgomerycountymd.gov/omb Reference copies at public libraries Office of Management and Budget (240-777-2800)
March 31st	Fiscal Plan <i>Contains estimates of costs and revenues over the six-year planning period for all Montgomery County special and enterprise funds and many agency funds.</i>	www.montgomerycountymd.gov/omb Office of Management and Budget (240-777-2800)
June 15th (odd calendar years)	Planning Board Recommended Growth Policy - Staff Draft	Reference copies from M-NCPPC (301-495-4610)
mid-July (even calendar years)	Approved Operating and Capital Budgets, and Approved Capital Improvements Program <i>PSP and CIP Appropriation and Approval Resolutions; Operating Budget, CIP and Capital Budget Summaries; Project Description Forms for County Government Programs, HOC, Revenue Authority, MCPS, Montgomery College, M-NCPPC, and WSSC Water</i>	www.montgomerycountymd.gov/omb Reference copies at public libraries Office of Management and Budget (240-777-2800)
mid-July (odd calendar years)	Approved Operating and Capital Budgets, and Approved Amendments to the Capital Improvements Program <i>PSP and CIP Appropriation and Approval Resolutions; Operating and Capital Budget Summaries; and selected Project Description Forms for County Government Programs, HOC, Revenue Authority, MCPS, Montgomery College, M-NCPPC, and WSSC Water</i>	Reference copies at public libraries Office of Management and Budget www.montgomerycountymd.gov/omb (240-777-2800)
August 1 (every four years)	Planning Board Recommended Growth Policy - Final Draft	Reference copies from M-NCPPC (301.495.4610)

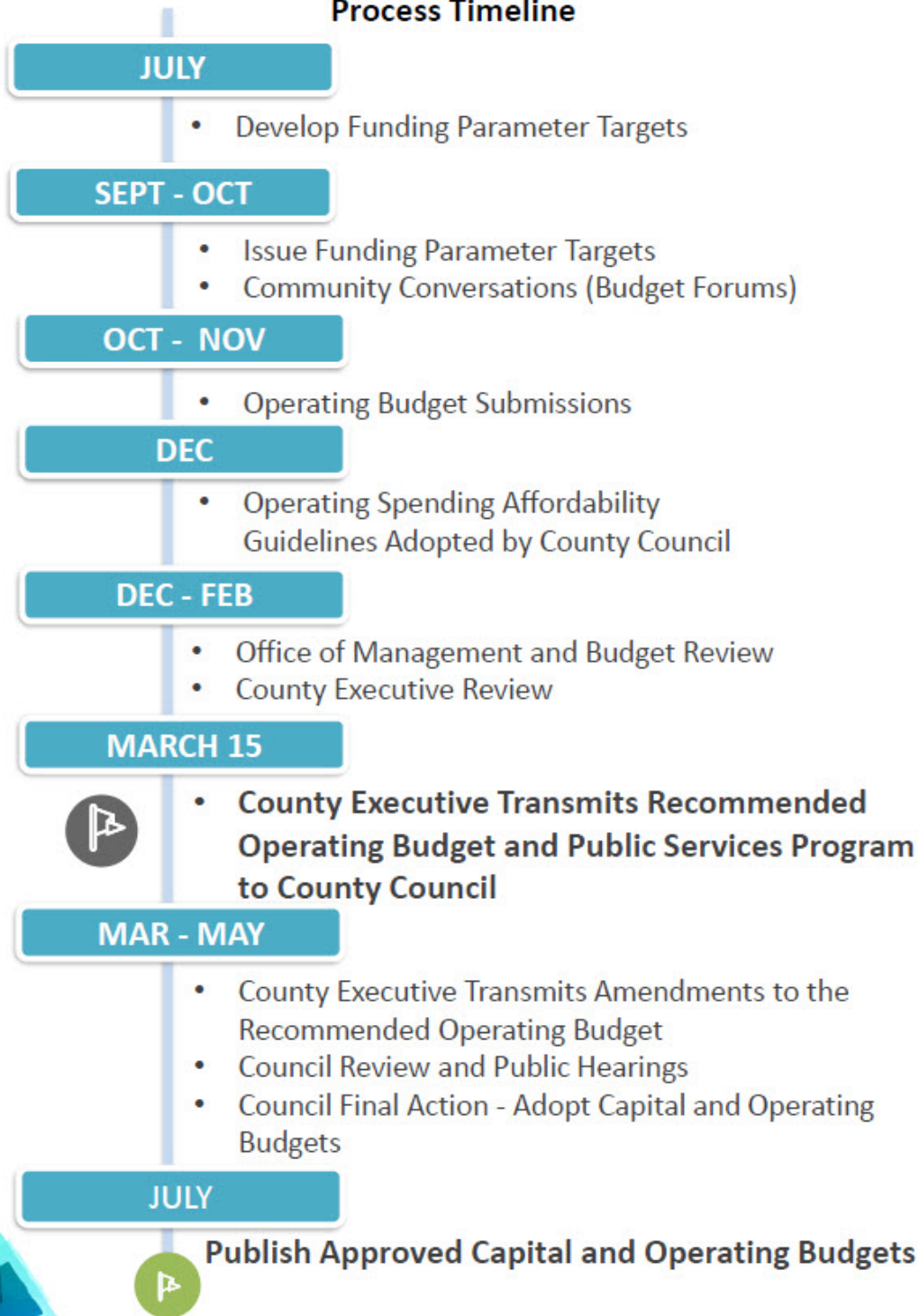
Annual Financial, Economic and Other Sources of Information

DATE	ITEM	AVAILABILITY
Late December	Annual Comprehensive Financial Report	Reference copies at public libraries Department of Finance (240-777-8822) www.montgomerycountymd.gov/finance (on limited basis)
Quarterly	Economic Indicators	Department of Finance (240-777-8866) www.montgomerycountymd.gov/finance
Monthly (To update the Economic Indicators Report)	Economic Update	Department of Finance (240-777-8866) www.montgomerycountymd.gov/finance
Annually	Annual Information Statement	Department of Finance (240-777-8822) www.montgomerycountymd.gov/finance (on limited basis)
Available throughout the year	Montgomery County Historical Society Information	Montgomery County Historical Society (301-340-2825) www.montgomeryhistory.org
Available throughout the year	Montgomery County Demographic Information	Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Montgomery County Planning Board (301-650-5600) www.montgomeryplanning.org/research

Capital Budget (Annual) & Capital Improvements Program (CIP) (Full) Process Timeline



Operating Budget & Public Services Program Process Timeline



Montgomery County, Maryland Functional Organization Chart

