FY15 Operating Budget Forum Briefing

January 2014

Visits

Prepared by Montgomery County Office of Management & Budget and Department of Finance

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County Executive Priorities



Fiscal Update



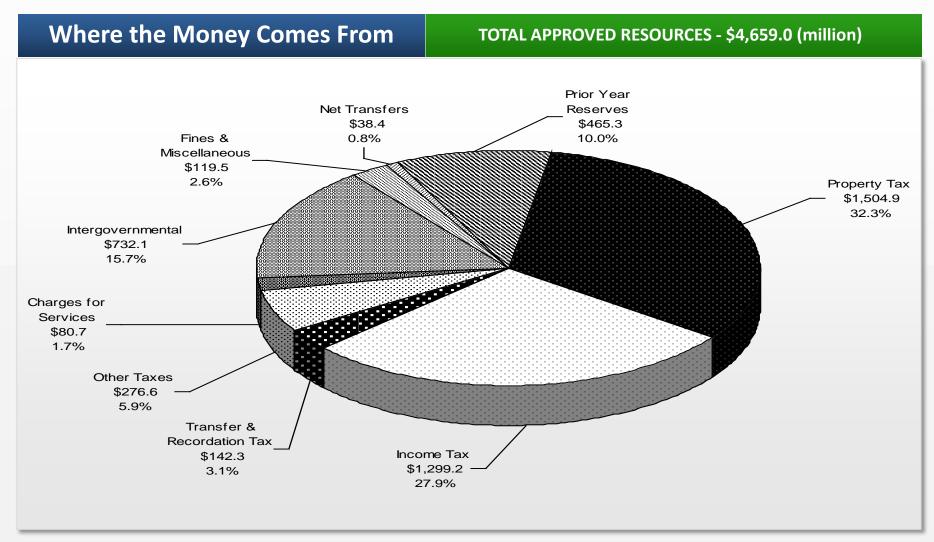
Montgomery County MD

FY14 Tax Supported Expenditures

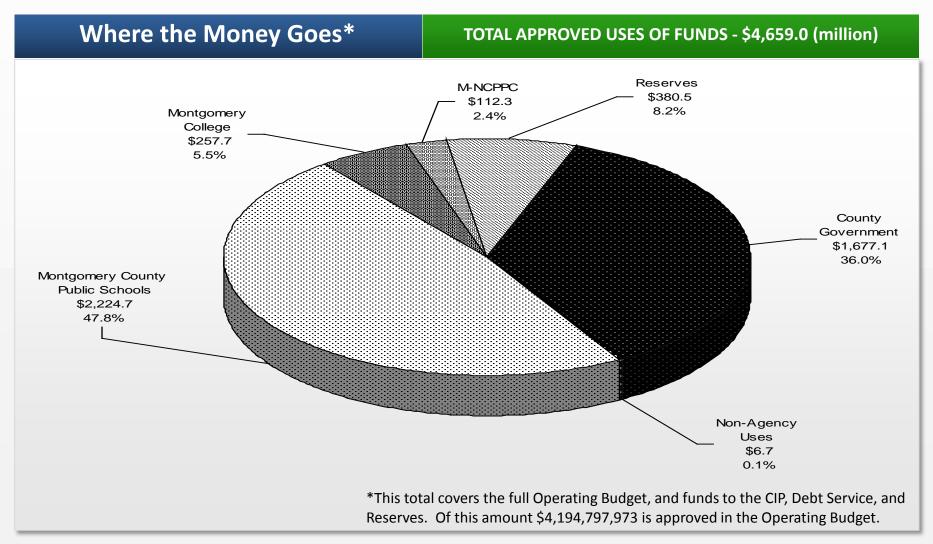
By Function

Tax Supported Expenditures Only	Appropriation	% of Total	Cum %	Workyears
1. MCPS	\$ 2,084,338,368	49.7%	49.7%	20,032.0
2. Public Safety	\$ 569,446,362	13.6%	63.3%	3,741.8
3. Debt Service	\$ 309,156,470	7.4%	70.6%	-
4. General Govt. & Other Functions	\$ 290,640,598	6.9%	77.6%	997.4
5. College	\$ 228,477,695	5.4%	83.0%	1,715.1
6. Health and Human Services	\$ 193,225,217	4.6%	87.6%	1,150.1
7. Retiree Health Insurance	\$ 167,437,039	4.0%	91.6%	-
8. Transportation	\$ 158,798,672	3.8%	95.4%	1,043.0
9. M-NCPPC (Park and Planning)	\$ 111,967,161	2.7%	98.1%	809.4
10. Libraries, Culture, & Recreation	\$ 62,778,039	1.5%	99.6%	742.7
11. Community Dev. and Housing	\$ 16,963,521	0.4%	100.0%	70.4
12. Environment	\$ 1,568,831	0.0%	100.0%	11.5
	\$ 4,194,797,973			30,313.4

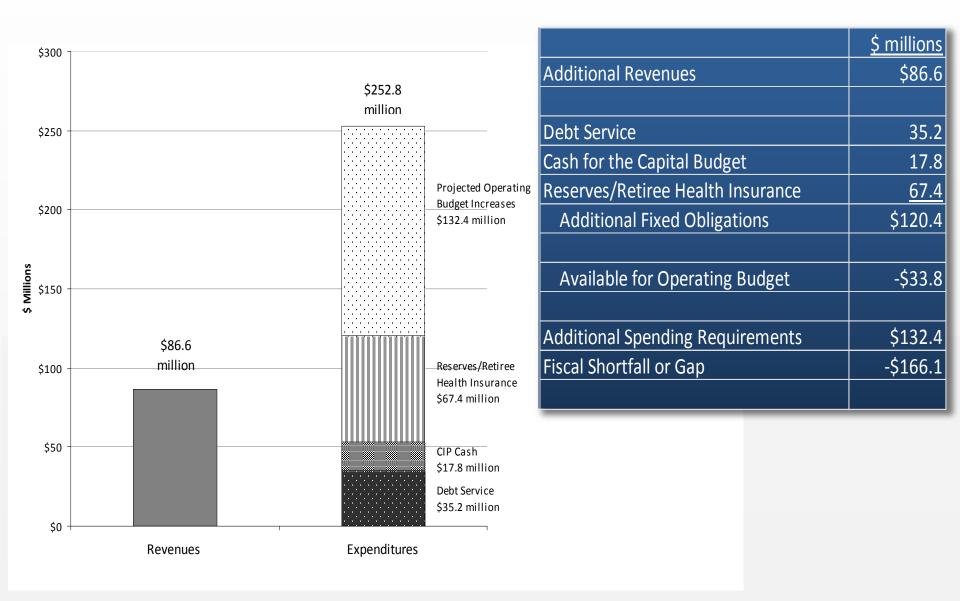
FY14 Tax Supported Agencies and Funds



FY14 Tax Supported Agencies and Funds



FY15 Fiscal Projection



FY 15 Fiscal Outlook Continuing Challenges



Federal budget uncertainty – sequestration and debt ceiling



High structural cost increases – debt service, retiree health, reserves, compensation and benefits



State-mandated Maintenance-of-Effort spending requirements (MOE) for MCPS and Montgomery College



Deferred infrastructure maintenance



Operating impact of new facilities – libraries, schools, college, recreation centers, and fire stations



Unavoidable cost increases related to energy costs, snow removal, and inflation

FY 15 Fiscal Outlook

County is on the right path to sustainability



Closed \$2.7 billion in budget gaps over the past 7 years



Slowed the rate of growth in expenditures



Successfully implemented plan to increase reserves, on track to reaching 10% goal by 2020



Increased funding for Retiree Health Insurance (OPEB), on track for full funding of the annual requirement in FY15



Permanent long-term cost reductions for:

- Employee compensation, group insurance, retiree health insurance, and pensions
- Reduced over 1200 positions in the FY08-12 period

Background



Two Budgets

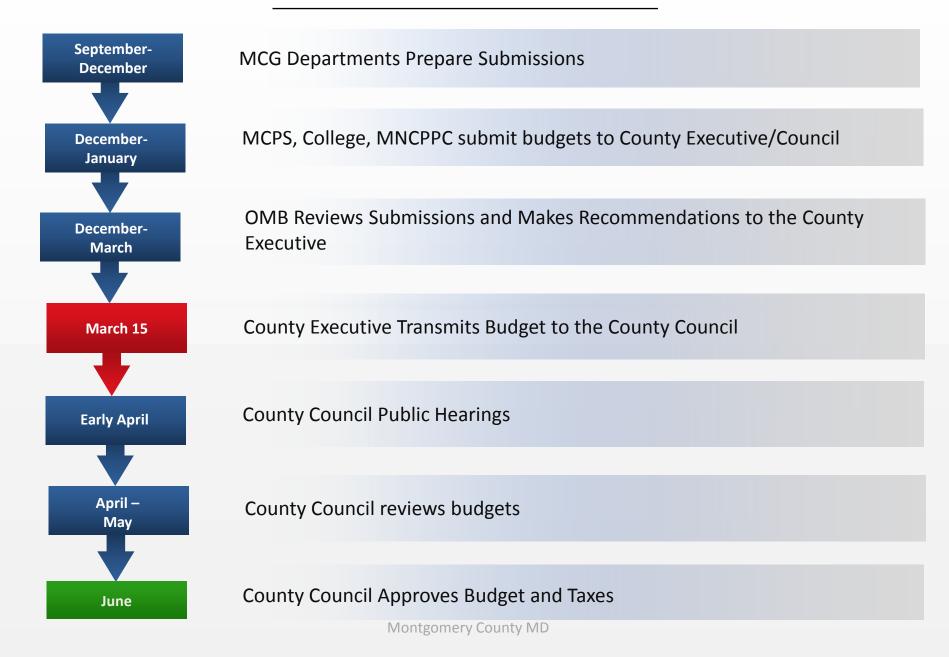
Operating Budget: Services

- K-12 education
- Community College education
- Public safety: Police, Fire, Courts, Corrections
- Transportation: Roads, Traffic, Bus
- Social Services: Health, Income Maintenance, other
- Environmental protection
- Parks, recreation, and libraries
- Land use planning and regulation
- Trash collection and disposal
- Economic development
- Ø Debt Service

Capital Budget: Facilities

- Schools, College facilities
- Roads and bridges
- Water and sewer facilities
- Information technology infrastructure
- Libraries
- Police and fire stations
- General government facilities
- Funded primarily through the issuance of bonds (borrowing)

Operating Budget Process



Operating Budget

County Budget is divided into two parts: Tax Supported and Non-Tax Supported

Tax Supported

 Excludes grants and services supported by fees and charges (nontax supported funds)

Non-Tax Supported

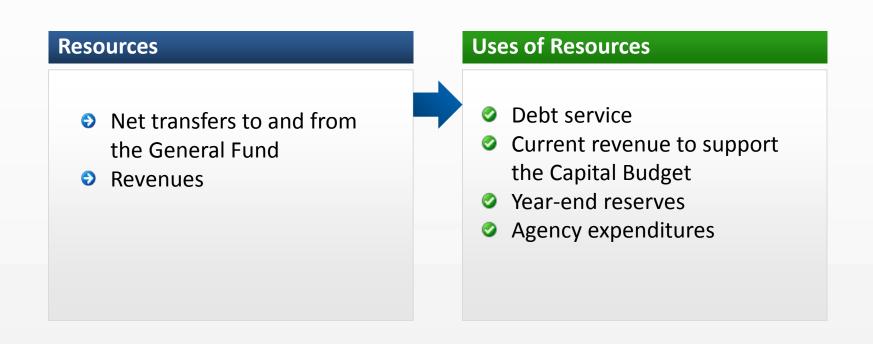
Funds are self-sustaining and generally not subject to fluctuations in tax receipts

Total Non-Tax Supported Funds: **\$616.4 million**

Grants: **\$209.6 million**

Self-Supporting funds: **\$406.8 million**

County Executive's Fiscal Plan



Balanced Budget

The budget is balanced when projected resources are equal to projected uses, including funding reserves to the policy level.

Selected Fiscal Assumptions: Resources

- Property tax revenues are projected at the Charter Limit
- Other tax revenues and user fees are projected at their current rates
- Level (flat) funding of existing intergovernmental aid formulas, which could change after the Governor releases the State budget
- Latest revenue estimate: Net increase in anticipated County revenues of \$153.6 million (\$99.3 million in FY14 and \$54.3 million in FY15) compared to estimates assumed at the time the FY14 budget was approved
 - 50% of excess revenue must by law be allocated to the reserves

Selected Fiscal Assumptions: Expenditures

- Under these assumptions, total agency expenditures must be reduced 0.9% to produce a balanced budget in FY15.
- However, expenditures are estimated to grow by specific major known commitments of \$132 million, illustrating the costs and challenges that exist in the budget, producing a budget gap of \$166 million that must be closed by March 15th.
- Because of State law requiring a certain level of funding for MCPS and Montgomery College, County Government and Park and Planning could sustain reductions of nearly 3%.

Community Participation

- Letters/emails to the County Executive and Councilmembers
- Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Board members are appointed by the County Executive, and confirmed by the County Council
- Executive Branch sponsored budget forums across the County, where residents and businesses provide input on their priorities
- County Executive meets with business leaders, directors of non-profit organizations, and other advocacy groups
- County Charter requires the Council to hold a public hearing not earlier than 21 days after receipt of the budget from the Executive
- ✓ Public hearings related to budgets, legislation, and regulations are advertised in local press
- County Council town hall meetings
- Letters to local press
- Citizen participation groups (Taxpayer's League, etc.)
- Read the County Executive's FY15 Recommended Operating Budget and FY15-20 Public Services Program at http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/ombtmpl.asp?url=/content/omb/index.asp