

envelope is irregular, established by demand rather than by plan. Voids within the envelope and irregular boundaries along its perimeter abound. Although this Master Plan generally recommends against the continued provision of community sewer service to low-density (RE-1 and RE-2) areas, it does support limited approvals for community sewer service for the low-density areas within the envelope and along its currently-established edge. The focus of this limited service and expansion should be on properties which already abut existing or proposed mains and on properties which can be served by sewer extensions within public rights-of-way. Main extensions that would disrupt streams and their undisturbed buffer areas should be avoided. Any approvals granted along the currently-established edge should not be cited as justification for expanding the sewer service envelope beyond the limits recommended in this Plan.

Sewer Service Recommendations

- **Provide community sewer service in the Subregion generally in conformance with *Water and Sewer Plan* service policies. This will generally exclude areas zoned for low-density development (RE-1, RE-2, and RC) not already approved for service from further extension of community service.**
- **Allow for the limited provision of community sewer service for areas zoned RE-1 and RE-2 within and at the periphery of the proposed sewer service envelope. (See Foldout Map D.) Exclude from this peripheral service policy properties adjacent to and in the vicinity of the Palatine subdivision and the lower Greenbriar Branch properties, and all properties within the Piney Branch Subwatershed, the Darnestown Triangle, and the Glen Hills Area (until completion of the study described on page 24, which will evaluate whether this exclusion should continue in the future). Emphasize the construction of sewer extensions, if needed, along roads rather than through stream valleys.**
- **Help to protect water quality in the Stoney Creek subwatershed of Watts Branch by requiring that sewer main extensions to serve the few properties approved for community service be located along River and Stoney Creek Roads, rather than along the stream valley.**
- **Deny the provision of community sewer service to the areas zoned R-200 near the intersection of River and Seneca Roads.**

Glen Hills Area

The Glen Hills area consists of several established subdivisions with lots generally at least one acre in size. Most of the lots were established in the 1950's and 60's using septic systems. At that time, septic standards did not include septic buffers, water table testing, multiple depth testing, and the consideration of fractured rock. The Department of Permitting Services (MCDPS) has raised concerns about the periodic septic failures which occur in the neighborhood because subsurface conditions often do not allow for replacement systems which satisfy current septic regulations. This Plan supports a study of the septic failures in Glen Hills to develop the measures necessary to ensure

the long-term sustainability of septic service for new home construction and existing home renovations, and to address the need for limited sewer extensions if needed. This study, conducted in conjunction with the citizens of this area and the appropriate public agencies, shall include the following elements:

- Delineation and possible reasons for known septic failures.
- Groundwater testing if needed.
- Preparation of a logical and systematic plan for providing community sewer service if needed.
- Emphasis on extension of sewer mains within public right-of-way rather than within stream valleys.
- An evaluation and recommendation of the abutting mains policy for this area.
- Exclusion of properties that are environmentally sensitive and cannot be developed in conformance with established environmental guidelines.

This Plan recommends restricting further sewer extensions in Glen Hills to those needed to relieve documented public health problems resulting from failed septic systems. New sewer main extensions needed to relieve public health problems will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis for logical, economical, and environmentally sensitive extensions of service, with an emphasis on locating main extensions along public right-of-way, rather than stream valleys. Because of the concern that the sewer envelope will expand inappropriately, the abutting mains policy should be deferred subject to the results of the Glen Hills study.

Glen Hills Recommendation

- **Conduct a study described above of the Glen Hills area. Based on the results of that study develop a policy outlining the measures needed to ensure the long-term sustainability of septic service for new home construction and existing home renovations, minimizing the need for future sewer service extensions. Under this policy the sole basis for providing new sewer service would be well-documented septic failures where extension could be provided consistent with results of the study and in a logical, economical, and environmentally acceptable manner. Until a policy is developed, restrict further sewer service extensions in Glen Hills to properties with documented public health problems resulting from septic system failures.**

Piney Branch Subwatershed

The Piney Branch subwatershed presents a specific sewer service issue. Shallow bedrock and poor percolation rates severely limit development potential in the Piney Branch, Sandy Branch, and Greenbriar Branch basins unless sewer service is provided. However, these areas tend to have fragile or rare plant and animal communities as well as good water quality. The Piney Branch Trunk Sewer was constructed to serve development generated by TDRs in the upper subwatershed in North Potomac. Concerned over the potential environmental damage that could result from increased development density due to the availability of community sewer service along the rest of Piney Branch, the Council adopted a restricted sewer access policy for the subwatershed. This restricted