



Improving Wayfinding and Safety for People with a Vision Disability

Toolbox and Fenton/Ellsworth Concept

Montgomery County Department of Transportation

Toole Design Group

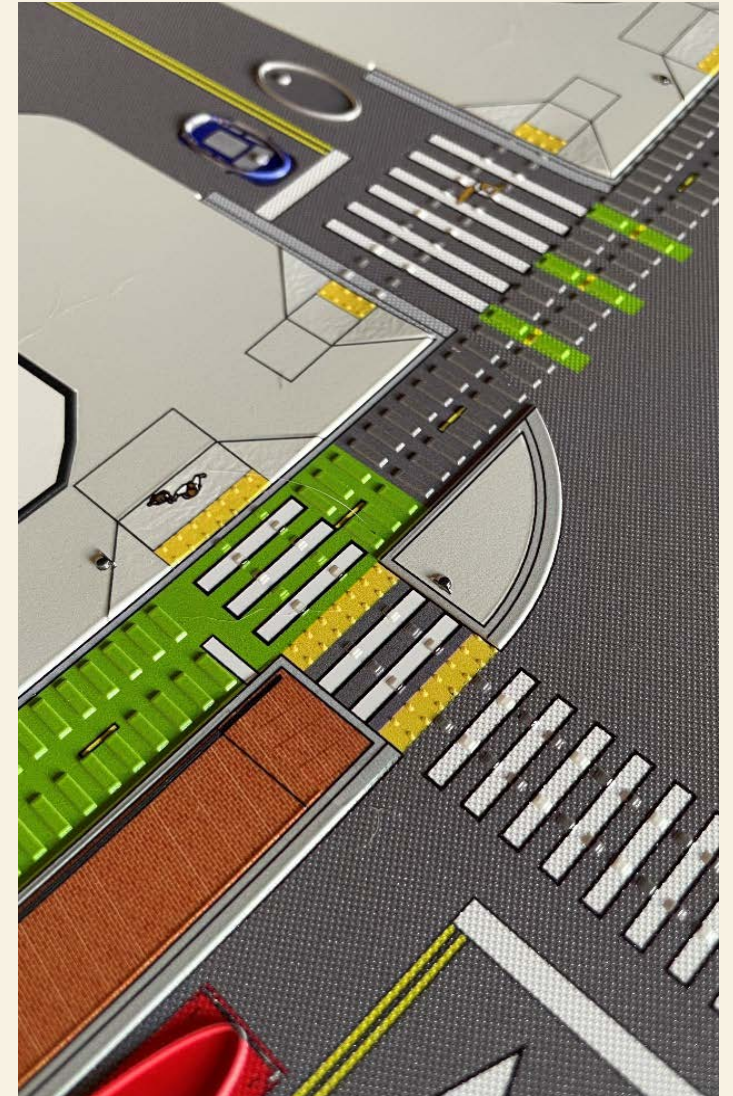
Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments



Project Status Update

Project Status Update

- Scope
 - Concept design for Fenton
 - Toolbox for making streets safe and accessible for people with disabilities
- Timeline
 - November 2020 to June 2021
- Engagement
 - January 11 stakeholder meeting
 - Survey of safety concerns and navigational challenges—countywide
 - Survey of safety concerns and navigational challenges—Fenton Street
 - Stakeholder interviews
 - County and stakeholder review
- Fenton Street Community Meeting – June 22, 2021





What's in the toolbox?



Introduction

- People with vision disabilities
- Overview of approaches and lessons from other communities and countries
- Principles of accessible design for people with vision disabilities



Process Tools

- Engaging people with vision disabilities
- Pre-construction accessibility audit
- Post-construction education and outreach
- Regular training on accessible planning and design
- Accessible design testing and training facility



Design Tools

- Tactile cues (directional curb ramps, detectable warning surface, detectable guidance surface, tactile delineators)
- Visual cues (high-visibility crosswalks, lighting)
- Audible cues (accessible pedestrian signals)
- Signage
- Mobile technologies



Designs

- Pedestrian access routes (sidewalks, shared spaces, flush streets)
- Crosswalks (intersection, midblock)
- Bus stops (floating bus stops)



Appendices

- Summary of key national level guidance documents
- Design examples
- Guidance for temporary changes
- Engagement best practices
- Meeting materials and transcript
- Survey results



Fenton/Ellsworth concept



Key issues Identified by Stakeholders

- Difficulty finding APS pushbuttons
- Difficulty maintaining the correct heading in crosswalk
- Concerns about floating bus stops
 - Determining when it is safe to cross and concerns about bicyclist yielding
 - Finding the floating bus stop and determining what buses it serves



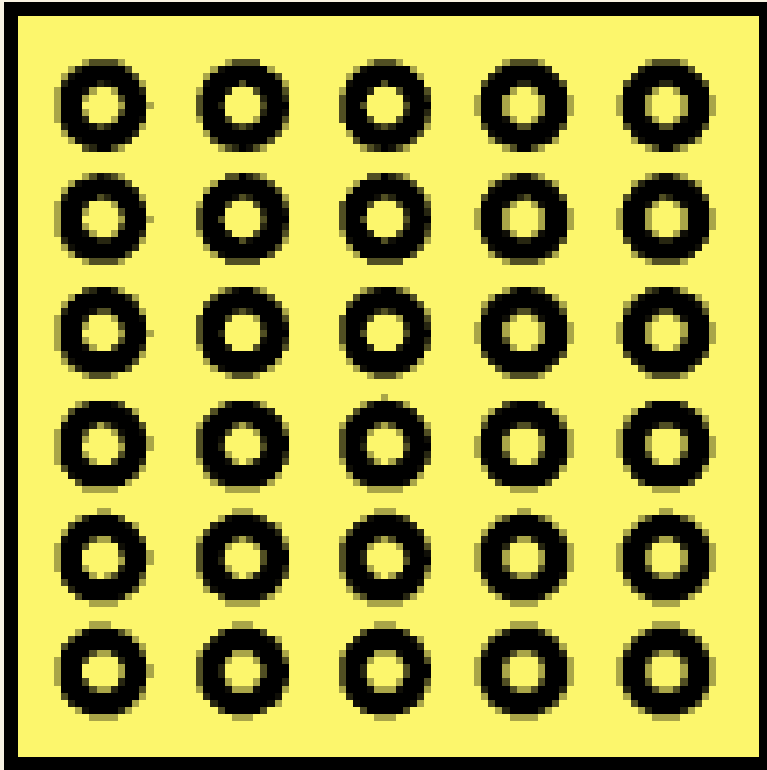
Issue: Difficulty finding APS pushbuttons

How addressed?

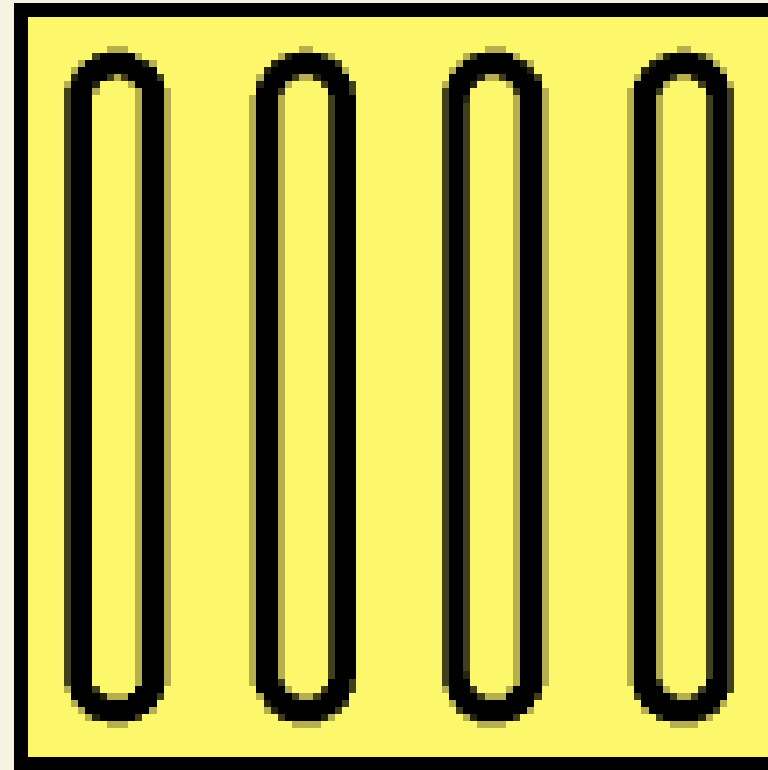
- Detectable guidance strips and raised curbs coordinated with APS locations
- Curbed areas at corner locations to discourage buskers near APS
- Designated location for buskers away from intersection



Guidance Strips



Detectable Warning
Surface



Detectable Guidance
Surface

Guidance Strips



Montgomery County



Japan



Issue: Difficulty of maintaining the correct heading in the crosswalk

How addressed?

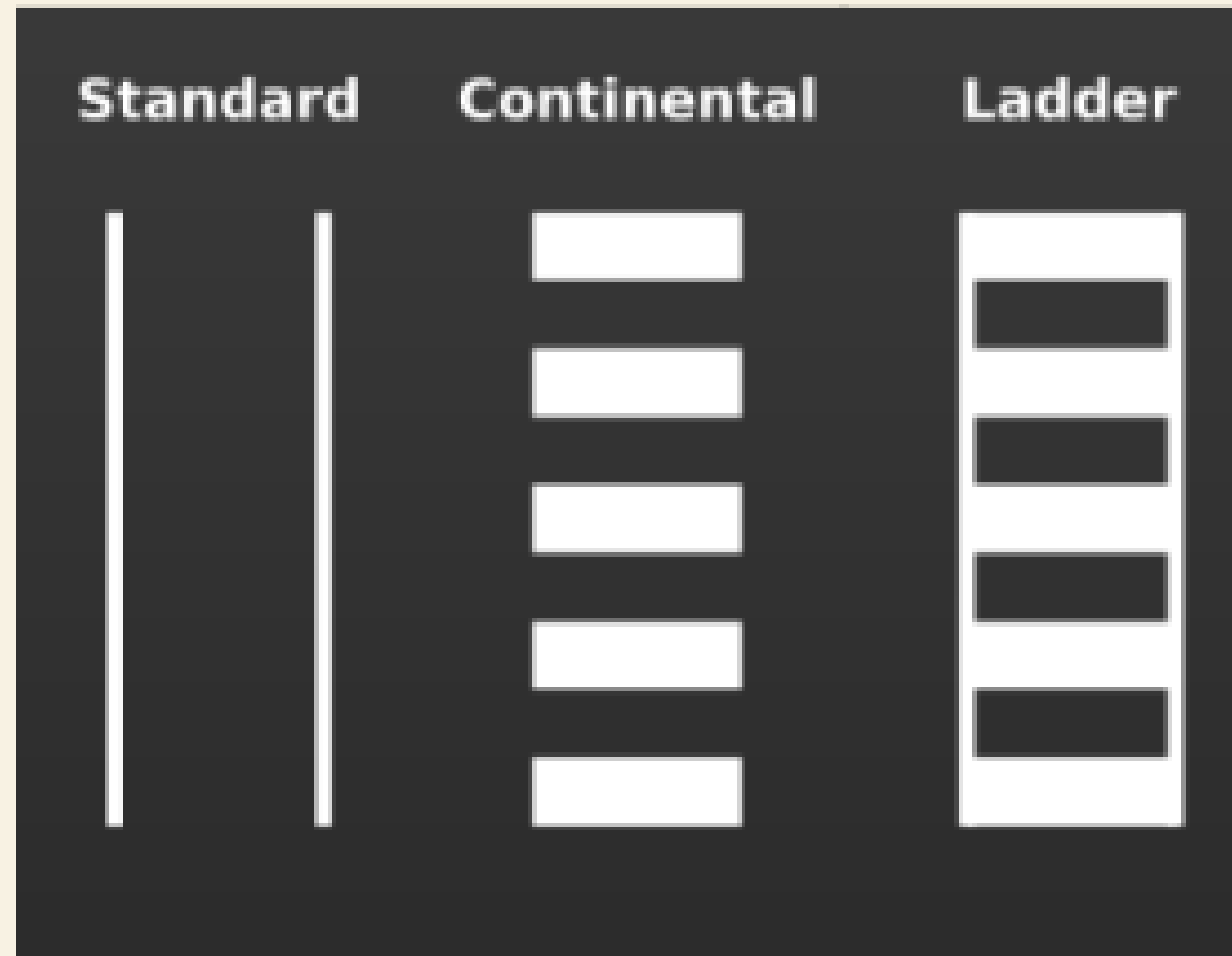
- Shorter crossings
- Directional curb ramps with raised curbs aligned with crosswalk
- High-visibility ladder-style crosswalk markings
- Tactile delineator strips on either side of the crosswalk

Directional Curb Ramps





Ladder-Style High-Visibility Crosswalks





Crosswalk Delineator Strips



Seattle, WA

Issue: Determining when it is safe to cross and concerns about bicyclist yielding

How addressed?

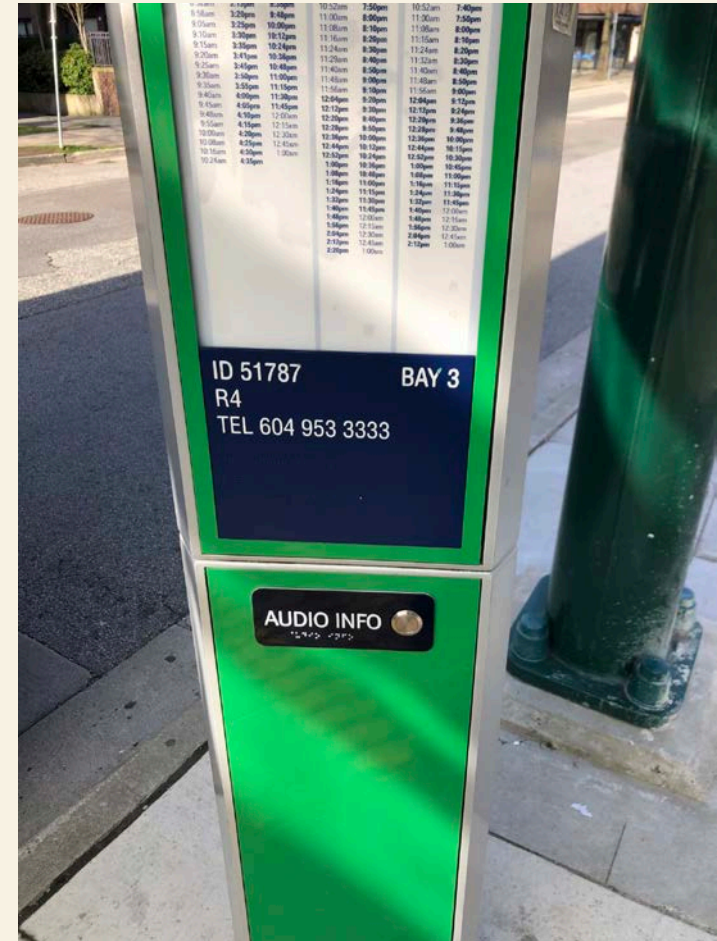
- Bus stop integrated with signalized crosswalk
- Bicycle traffic calming measures
- Bicyclist education and enforcement campaign



Issue: Finding the floating bus stop and determining what buses it serves

How addressed?

- Guidance strips direct pedestrians to floating bus stop crossing
- Speech message announcing presence of floating bus stop integrated into APS
- Distinctive bus stop signage with tactile panels





Next Steps and Q & A



Next Steps

- Incorporate feedback on Fenton/Ellsworth
- Send toolbox for stakeholder review
- Present at June 9 Commission on People with Disabilities meeting
- Deliver updated concept and toolbox based on stakeholder and County comments



Question & Answer



Contact

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Thank You!