COVID-19: UNEMPLOYMENT UPDATE



Data and Information current as of May 28, 2020

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NEW UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS

The U.S. Department of Labor (USDOL) weekly unemployment claims report has begun reporting new claims data for regular state claims *and* for expanded pandemic unemployment benefits provided in the federal CARES Act. Beginning the week of May 2, new claims in Maryland increased significantly – both because it was the first time that workers in Maryland could file for benefits under the Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) program (gig workers, self-employed, etc.) and because the state rolled out a new, updated unemployment IT system. Note that as of last week, 18 states did not report any data for PUA claims, suggesting workers in those states are still not able to file PUA unemployment claims.

Since May 2, 93,000 workers in Maryland (16,000 in Montgomery County) have filed for PUA benefits. Workers in MoCo represent 17% of new PUA claims in the state.

The U.S. and Maryland data for past weeks reflect revised numbers from the U.S. Labor Department.

	US (SA)	Maryland (NSA)			Montgomery County*				
Week of 2020		Total	Regular	PUA	PEUC	Total	Regular	PUA	PEUC
May 23	2,123,000	47,537	33,240	14,297	no data reported	7,589	5,215	2,374	49
May 16	2,446,000	50,559	35,111	15,448	no data reported	7,795	5,229	2,566	58
May 9	2,981,000	64,467	45,485	18,982	no data reported	10,301	7,133	3,168	90
May 2	3,169,000	111,006	63,253	44,280	3,473	18,943	11,074	7,869	249
April 25	3,846,000	37,925	37,925		2,361	5,615	5,615		
April 18	4,442,000	48,495	48,495		0	6,938	6,938		
April 11	5,237,000	62,904	62,904			9,548	9,548		
April 4	6,615,000	108,508	108,508			15,751	15,751		
March 28	6,867,000	83,536	83,536			9,384	9,384		
March 21	3,307,000	42,334	42,334			3,941	3,941		

^{*} Initial state data

SA=seasonally adjusted NSA=not seasonally adjusted

PUA = Pandemic Unemployment Assistance Program in the federal CARES Act that extends unemployment benefits to workers previously not covered (gig workers, self-employed, etc.)

PEUC = Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation Program in the federal CARES Act that extends regular state unemployment benefits for an additional 13 weeks

Sources: U.S. and Maryland Departments of Labor

https://www.dol.gov/ui/data.pdf

https://www.dllr.state.md.us/employment/uicounty.shtml

CONTINED UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS IN MARYLAND

"Continued unemployment claims" measure the number of people collecting unemployment benefits on a weekly basis. These data are released one week later than initial claims data and are available at the state level. For May 16th, continued unemployment claims in Maryland totaled 249,849, a decrease of about 1.3% (about 3,400 claims) compared to the week of May 9th. Data in the table for past weeks reflect revised numbers from the U.S. Labor Department.

Week of 2020	Continued Claims	Initial Claims
May 16	249,849	35,111
May 9	253,212	48,485
May 2	254,473	63,253
April 25	226,972	37,925
April 18	220,723	48,495
April 11	201,432	62,904
April 4	160,906	108,508
March 28	92,082	83,536
March 21	47,973	42,334

Source: U.S. Departments of Labor, https://www.dol.gov/ui/data.pdf

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES – MARCH AND APRIL 2020

Last week, the Bureau of Labor Statistics released state unemployment rates for April 2020. **Maryland's unemployment rate increased by 6.6 percentage points – from 3.3% in March to 9.9% in April**. Maryland's increase of 6.6 points was the 13th lowest in the country and Maryland's April unemployment rate of 9.9% is 8th lowest in the country. Rates for all states and D.C. are shown in the chart on the next page.

Nebraska had the smallest rate increase (4.3%) between March and April and Nevada had the largest (21.3%). Whereas unemployment rates were at a historical low in 19 states in January, February, or March 2020, unemployment rates are at a historical high in 43 states in April 2020.

These data do not include workers whose unemployment benefit claims were turned down. Some reasons that claims can be rejected include: not working in a state for at least a year and newly entering the labor force, such as new graduates.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics https://www.bls.gov/web/laus/laumstcm.htm https://www.bls.gov/web/laus/lauhsthl.htm

State Unemployment Rates, March and April 2020 (%)

