Racial Equity and Social Justice (RESJ)  
Zoning Text Amendment Statement  
Office of Legislative Oversight

ZTA 22-08: COMMERCIAL/RESIDENTIAL ZONES – MPDU

SUMMARY
The Office of Legislative Oversight anticipates that Zoning Text Amendment 22-08 would have little or no impact on racial equity and social justice (RESJ) in the County as it clarifies provisions implicitly included in the Zoning Ordinance rather than changes land use policies or practices that could impact RESJ.

PURPOSE OF RESJ IMPACT STATEMENTS
The purpose of RESJ impact statements for zoning text amendments (ZTAs) is to evaluate the anticipated impact of ZTAs on racial equity and social justice in the County. Racial equity and social justice refer to a process that focuses on centering the needs, leadership, and power of communities of color and low-income communities with a goal of eliminating racial and social inequities. Achieving racial equity and social justice usually requires seeing, thinking, and working differently to address the racial and social harms that have caused racial and social inequities.

PURPOSE OF ZTA 22-08
Zoning Text Amendments typically modify the Zoning Ordinance to change definitions of terms, modify development standards, create new zones, or to adjust allowable uses among other uses. Such changes in the Zoning Ordinance can impact current racial and social inequities in land use. Some ZTAs, however, do not change, modify, or create new standards or adjustable land uses, but instead clarify existing land uses. ZTA 22-08, Commercial/Residential Zones – MPDU, exemplifies this later approach of a ZTA clarifying existing land use policy and practice rather than changing it.

The purpose of ZTA 22-08 is to explicitly allow Moderately Priced Dwelling Units (MPDUs) in Commercial Residential Neighborhood (CRN) zones. MPDUs are dwelling units offered for sale or rent to eligible low or moderate-income households earning up to 65 or 70 percent of the area median income through the Department of Housing and Community Affairs. The MPDU Program requires that 12.5 to 15.0 percent of new housing units in projects with 20 or more units to be affordable to such households.

Of note, Division 59.4.5 of the Zoning Ordinance explicitly describes the applicability of MPDUs for Commercial Residential Town (CRT) and Commercial Residential (CR) zones. This section of the Zoning Ordinance, however, does not describe the applicability of MPDUs in CRN zones. Yet, because the Zoning Ordinance does not explicitly prohibit MPDUs in the CRN zone, they are implicitly allowed in such zones. To make the allowance of MPDUs in CRN zones as explicit as their allowance in CRT and CR zones, ZTA 22-08 modifies applicable sections and subsections of the Zoning Ordinance toward this end. ZTA 22-08 also articulates a regulatory review process with the Planning Board for MPDUs in the CRN zone, under the Standard Method Development.

ZTA 22-08 was introduced on July 26, 2022.
**RESJ Impact Statement**  
**Zoning Text Amendment 22-08**

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**ANTICIPATED RESJ IMPACTS**

OLO finds that ZTA 22-08 does not establish new policies or land use practices. Instead, ZTA 22-08 clarifies that MPDUs are allowed in Commercial Residential Neighborhoods by inserting language in the Zoning Ordinance that is analogous to the allowance for MPDUs in Commercial Residential and Commercial Residential Town zones. Since ZTA 22-08 does not change the County's land use policies or practices, but instead makes explicit an implicit allowance for MPDUs in CRN zones, OLO anticipates that ZTA 22-08 will have little to no impact on RESJ in the County.

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**CAVEATS**

Two caveats to this racial equity and social justice impact statement should be noted. First, predicting the impact of legislation on racial equity and social justice is a challenging, analytical endeavor due to data limitations, uncertainty, and other factors. Second, this RESJ impact statement is intended to inform the legislative process rather than determine whether the Council should enact legislation. Thus, any conclusion made in this statement does not represent OLO's endorsement of, or objection to, the bill under consideration.

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**CONTRIBUTIONS**

OLO staffers Elsabett Tesfaye, Performance Management and Data Analyst drafted this RESJ impact statement.

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[https://www.racialequitytools.org/glossary](https://www.racialequitytools.org/glossary)

2 Ibid.

3 The Commercial Residential Neighborhood zone (CRN) is one of the three family of zones under Division 59.4.5: Commercial/Residential Zones that also include Commercial Residential Town (CRT) and Commercial Residential (CR).  

4 Aseem Nigam, Annual Report on MPDU’s Covering Calendar Year 2020, Department of Housing and Community Affairs  