

Committee: PHED

Committee Review: At a future date **Staff:** Livhu Ndou, Legislative Attorney

Purpose: To introduce agenda item – no vote expected

Keywords: #SandySpring #AshtonRuralVillage

#OverlayZone #SSARVO

SUBJECT

Zoning Text Amendment (ZTA) 21-11, Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone – Amendments

AGENDA ITEM #15B

December 14, 2021

Introduction

Lead Sponsors: Council President Albornoz at the request of the Planning Board

EXPECTED ATTENDEES

None

COUNCIL DECISION POINTS & COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

N/A

DESCRIPTION/ISSUE

ZTA 21-11 amends the existing Sandy Spring Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone (SSARVO) to make it consistent with the recommendations from the Ashton Village Center Sector Plan.

SUMMARY OF KEY DISCUSSION POINTS

- The SSARVO was established in 1998. Since then, the Zoning Ordinance was updated in 2014, the Sandy Spring Rural Village Plan was updated in 2015, and the Ashton Rural Village Sector Plan in 2021.
- The new Zoning Ordinance and the updated Master Plans rezoned the C zones to the CRN and CRT Zones, which offered many of the land use controls the overlay zone provided. The proposed amendments to the SSARVO would reduce those redundancies.
- The amended overlay zone will retain site plan requirements for all non-residential developments and allow certain existing non-conforming commercial uses to remain.
- ZTA 21-11 will be reviewed in conjunction with Sectional Map Amendment (SMA) H-144, Ashton Village Center Sector Plan.

This report contains:

ZTA 21-11 © 1-8
Planning Board transmittal © 9
Planning Staff memorandum © 10-20

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Zoning Text Amendment No.: 21-11 Concerning: Sandy Spring/Ashton

> Rural Village Overlay Zone - Amendments

Draft No. & Date: $1 - \frac{12}{7}2021$ Introduced: December 14, 2021

Public Hearing:

Adopted: Effective:

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT WITHIN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

Lead Sponsor: Council President Albornoz at the request of the Planning Board

AN AMENDMENT to the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance to:

- amend the language of the Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone as recommended by the Ashton Rural Village Sector Plan.

By amending the following sections of the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 59 of the Montgomery County Code:

Division 4.9. "Overlay Zones"

Section 4.9.16. "Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village (SSA) Overlay Zone"

EXPLANATION: Boldface indicates a Heading or a defined term.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates text that is added to existing law by the original text amendment.

[Single boldface brackets] indicate text that is deleted from existing law by original text amendment.

<u>Double underlining</u> indicates text that is added to the text amendment by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] indicate text that is deleted from the text amendment by amendment.

* * * indicates existing law unaffected by the text amendment.

OPINION

ORDINANCE

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following ordinance:

Sec. 1. ARTICLE 59-4 is amended as follows:

DIVISION 4.9 OVERLAY ZONES

Section 4.9.16 Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village (SSA) Overlay Zon
--

4 A. Purpose

The purpose of the SSA Overlay Zone is to[:]

- [1.] [P]preserve and enhance the rural village character of the Sandy Spring and Ashton village centers [by ensuring an attractive and traditional pattern of houses, commercial establishments, open spaces and their relationship to roadways.] using detailed site review and the continuation of community serving businesses within the village centers.
- [2. Encourage a compatible relationship between new or expanded houses or businesses and traditional neighboring structures that reflects the best of local village character, particularly in terms of scale, siting, design features, and orientation on the site.]

[B. Sewer

Lots developed under the SSA Overlay zone must be connected to a community water and sewerage system, unless it can be demonstrated at the time of subdivision that limited number of lots on a private well and septic facility within the development will provide a more beneficial subdivision design because of environmental or compatibility reasons.]

[C.]<u>B.</u> Land Uses

- [Where a lot is either partially or totally in a Commercial/Residential or Employment zone:
 - 1. Multi-Unit Living, as allowed in the underlying zone, must be in a multi use building type. If the underlying zone on the property is CRN, the following uses may be continued, renovated,

28		<u>repai</u>	red, or reconstructed on the same site or a contiguous
29		prop	erty if they legally existed on [insert effective date], with the
30		follo	wing Standards:
31	<u>1.</u>	A Dı	rive-Thru not associated with a restaurant under the limited
32		use s	tandards in Section 3.5.14.E.2.a.
33	<u>2.</u>	A Fi	lling Station under the conditional use standards in Section
34		3.5.1	3.C.2 and the procedures of a conditional use under Section
35		7.3.1	<u>.</u>
36	[2.	The	following uses are prohibited:
37		a.	Adult Entertainment;
38		b.	Animal Research Facility;
39		c.	Car Wash;
40		d.	Combination Retail;
41		e.	Drive-Thru in connection with a Restaurant;
42		f.	Dry Cleaning Facility (Up to 3,000 SF);
43		g.	Filling Station, except that any lawful Filling Station use
44			in existence as of the date of application of the Overlay
45			zone is a conforming use, and may be altered, repaired, or
46			replaced under the provisions of the zone in effect at the
47			time the use was established;
48		h.	Helipad, Heliport;
49		i.	Helistop;
50		j.	The following Light Manufacturing and Production use:
51			newspaper, printing, and publishing;
52		k.	Media Broadcast Tower;
53		1.	Medical/Dental Laboratory;
54		m.	Pipelines (Above Ground);

55		n.	Recreation and Entertainment Facility;
56		0.	Repair (Major);
57		p.	Repair (Minor);
58		q.	Research and Development;
59		r.	Retail/Service Establishment (50,000 SF and Over);
60		S.	The following Retail/Service Establishments: building
61			materials and supplies; furniture store, carpet, or related
62			furnishing sales or service; and pawnshop;
63		t.	Self-Storage;
64		u.	Shooting Range (Indoor);
65		v.	Storage Facility;
66		w.	Structured Parking;
67		х.	Surface Parking for Use Allowed in the Zone;
68		y.	Surface Parking for Commercial Uses in an Historic
69			District; and
70		z.	Vehicle/Equipment Sales and Rental, except any
71			automobile rental business in existence on October 13,
72			1998 may continue as a conforming use, and may be
73			altered, repaired, or replaced under the provisions of the
74			zone in effect at the time the use was established.]
75	[D.] <u>C.</u> Dev	elopment St	andards
76	[1.	Where a lot	is in a Commercial/Residential or Employment zone:
77		a. The	maximum height for all buildings is 24 feet, except that the
78		Planı	ning Board may allow additional height up to 30 feet in the
79		site p	plan approval process, if the Planning Board finds that the
80		addit	ional height is compatible with the abutting uses and
81		subst	antially conforms with the intent of the master plan.

the

underlying

The maximum density for commercial uses is 0.75 FAR, and is b. 82 computed area 83 only on the of Commercial/Residential or Employment zoned portion of the 84 site. 85 Where a minimum area is required for a conditional use, the 86 c. minimum area may be waived where recommended as 87 88 appropriate in the master plan. In areas recommended in the master plan for mixed use d. 89 development, development must substantially conform with the 90 91 recommendations of the master plan. In the residential portions of the mixed-use areas, offstreet parking for commercial uses is 92 93 allowed without a requirement for approval of a conditional use. 2. Where a lot is in a Residential zone: 94 a. The density of development must not exceed the standards for the 95 underlying zone under optional method Cluster Development. 96 The Planning Board may approve lot sizes as small as 900 square 97 b. feet for a townhouse, 2,000 square feet for a duplex, and 3,000 98 square feet for any other building type, including a minimum of 99 zero feet for side setbacks on one side, upon a showing that the 100 101 resulting development will substantially conform with the recommendations of the master plan. 102 The maximum height for all buildings is 35 feet; however, if in 103 c. the site plan approval process the Planning Board finds that 104 additional building height is compatible with the abutting uses 105 and the building height substantially conforms to the intent of the 106

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master plan, the maximum building height is 40 feet.

[E.]D. Site Plan

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- 1. Site plan approval under Section 7.3.4 is required for:
- a. construction of a new building;
- b. any addition or other exterior improvement to an existing building that increases the amount of gross floor area on a site; or
- c. if required under Section 7.3.4.A.8.
- 2. Site plan approval is not required for development of <u>dwelling units in</u>
 a residential zone[a detached house] that proceeds under standard
 method development.
 - [3. In addition to the site plan findings under Section 7.3.4.E, the Planning Board must find that all retail uses proposed in new or renovated buildings are directly accessible from a sidewalk, plaza, or other public space.]

122 **[F. Parking**

- 123 1. The Planning Board may allow some on-street parking to fulfill the 124 requirement for off-street parking to enhance compatibility, provide 125 additional open space and reduce impervious coverage.
- 2. Properties in a Residential zone that are designated in the master plan as suitable for mixed use or nonresidential use may be used for off-street parking in connection with commercial uses.
- 3. The SSA Overlay zone encourages the parking of vehicles behind the front building line. In addition, to reduce access points and thereby enhance safety, abutting parking facilities may be required to provide internal connections. In exceptional circumstances, limited parking may be allowed between the front lot line and the front building line.]
- 134 * * *

135	Sec. 2. Effective date. This ordinance becomes effective 20 days after the
136	date of Council adoption.
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138	This is a correct copy of Council action.
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141	Selena Mendy Singleton, Esq.
142	Clerk of the Council

November 8, 2021

TO: The Honorable Tom Hucker, President

Montgomery County Council

Stella B. Werner Council Office Building 100 Maryland Avenue, Room 501

Rockville, Maryland 20850

FROM: Montgomery County Planning Board

SUBJECT: Planning Board Recommendation to District Council for introduction of a Zoning Text

Amendment to amend the existing Sandy Spring Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone in the

Zoning Ordinance (Chapter 59)

Dear Mr. Hucker:

The Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland–National Capital Park and Planning Commission met on November 4, 2021 and by a vote of 4:0 (Commissioner Rubin abstaining) requested the District Council introduce the attached draft Zoning Text Amendment (ZTA) to amend the existing Sandy Spring Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone (SSARVO) consistent with the recommendations from the Ashton Village Center Sector Plan. This draft ZTA is being transmitted along with proposed Sectional Map Amendment H-144 which would implement the zoning recommendations of the Sector Plan.

The recommended ZTA would update and streamline the provisions of the SSARVO following the adoption of the Ashton Village Center Sector Plan. The overlay zone was first established following the 1998 Sandy Spring-Ashton Master Plan in 1998 and provided additional land use and urban design protections to the villages of Sandy Spring and Ashton, which were predominantly in the C-1 and C-2 zones.

Since 1998, the Zoning Ordinance was updated in 2014, and both villages have had Master Plan updates, with the Sandy Spring Rural Village Plan in 2015 and now the Ashton Rural Village Sector Plan in 2021. The new Zoning Ordinance and the updated Master Plans have rezoned the old C zones to the CRN and CRT Zones which offers many of the land use controls the overlay zone provided. The proposed amendments to the SSARVO would reduce those redundancies. The primary purpose of the amended overlay zone would be to retain site plan requirements for all non-residential developments, and to allow certain existing non-conforming commercial uses to remain.

The Board appreciates the Council's consideration of the attached draft ZTA to modify the Sandy Spring Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone, and Planning Staff is able and willing to assist the Council as needed in the review of the proposed revisions.

Sincerely,

Casey Anderson

Chair

CA:BB:aj

MCPB Item No. 8 Date: 11/4/2021

Request to Introduce a Zoning Text Amendment, Amendments – Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone

BB	Benjamin Berbert, Planner Coordinator, CP&P	, Benjamin.Berbert@montgomeryplanning.org, 301.495.4644
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JP Jamey Pratt, Senior Planner, Upcounty Planning, <u>Jamey.Pratt@montgomeryplanning.org</u> 301.495.4588

Jason Sartori, Chief, CP&P, <u>Jason.Sartori@montgomeryplanning.org</u>, 301.495.2172

Completed: 10/21/2021

Staff Recommendation

Approval to submit a request to have the District Council introduce a zoning text amendment (ZTA) to modify the Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone (SSARVO) Section 4.9.15 to match the recommendations set forth in the recently adopted Ashton Village Center Sector Plan.

Summary

Staff recommends approval to transmit the proposed ZTA to the Montgomery County District Council requesting introduction. The proposed ZTA would amend the language of the SSARVO consistent with the recommendations set forth by the Ashton Village Center Sector Plan, including streamlining the provisions that are redundant with the CRN zoning recommended for much of the plan area. This ZTA is being taken in conjunction with Sectional Map Amendment (SMA) H-144, which recommends the new zoning for Ashton.

Background

The SSARVO was established as a result of the 1998 Sandy Spring-Ashton Master Plan, to provide greater protections for height, density, land uses and building form than the C-1 and C-2 zoning existing at that time could not offer. In 2015, the Sandy Spring Rural Village Plan recommended removal of the SSARVO from properties within the boundary of that plan because it found the new family of CR zones and included design guidelines could provide adequate protection of the rural character of the village. Ultimately Resolution 18-193 for SMA H-108 was adopted on June 23, 2015 removing Sandy Spring from the overlay zone. During development of the 2021 Ashton Village Center Sector Plan, staff concluded that while the CR zones provided a lot of protection, they were not perfect, and recommended the SSARVO be instead amended but retained for Ashton. The primary objectives the Ashton Plan seeks from the overlay zone is to allow two existing land uses (a fueling station and two drive-thrus) that are not associated with a restaurant, to remain, and to require a site plan review for all projects except for single family detached houses.

Analysis

In the following sections, staff will walk through the existing sections of the SSARVO, discussing what changes are recommended through the proposed ZTA (Attachment A)

Staff Report

Request to Introduce a Zoning Text Amendment, Amendments – Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone

A. Purpose

The purpose section of the overlay zone is shortened to only read:

The purpose of the SSA Overlay Zone is to preserve and enhance the rural village character of the Sandy Spring and Ashton village centers using detailed site review and the continuation of community serving businesses within the village centers.

The intent of the streamlined purpose statement is to better reflect what the overlay zone actually does, once the remaining sections are also edited or removed, including substantially paring down the sections on land uses and standards.

B. Sewer

The section on sewer is recommended for deletion. The properties within the SSARVO have access to sewer and will be required to utilize sewer upon redevelopment.

C. Land Uses

The land use section is greatly reduced in scope. The CRN zone has a very similar list of allowed and not allowed uses as the old overlay text which was analyzed and discussed during the development of the Ashton Plan. Therefore, the long list of prohibited uses is being removed. There are two existing uses which are not normally allowed in the CRN Zone which the overlay does wish to allow to remain, be renovated, repaired or reconstructed on the same or a contiguous property that were legally existing at the time the Ashton Plan was adopted following the required standards: Drive-Thru not associated with a restaurant and Filling Station.

D. <u>Development Standards</u>

Most of the development standards section of the SSARVO is also being removed as it pertained to commercial or mixed use developments that are now covered by the standards of the CRN zone. The last section about residential building heights is remaining, primarily because there are portions of the overlay zone outside the boundary of the Ashton Plan on residentially zoned land which may still benefit from the height limit provisions.

E. Site Plan

The section requiring site plan review remains as it is a central recommendation of the Ashton Plan that all development, except for residential dwellings in a residential zone built as a standard method project, go through a site plan review.

F. Parking

The section on parking is removed because similar protections are offered through the CRN Zone and through the parking standards in Division 6.2 of the current Zoning Code.

Recommendation

Staff is recommending the changes to the SSARVO as discussed in this report and requests the Planning Board transmit the draft ZTA that is attached to the County Council.

ZTA Process

This proposed ZTA has not been introduced yet by the District Council and instead staff is recommending the Board request introduction of the attached ZTA. Once introduced, a change in the text of the zoning ordinance undergoes a review process that culminates in the County Council (sitting

Staff Report

Request to Introduce a Zoning Text Amendment, Amendments – Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone

as the District Council) approving a ZTA. Section 59.7.2.4 (Zoning Text Amendment) of the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance enables the Planning Board to request the District Council or an individual District Council member to sponsor a zoning text amendment. After introduction of the ZTA, the District Council then transmits the official ZTA to the Planning Director with notification of the District Council's public hearing date. The Planning Director must publish a report and recommendation at least seven days before the Planning Board officially reviews the introduced ZTA in a public meeting. The District Council must hold a public hearing within 60 days after introduction of the ZTA, unless extended. Upon approval, a ZTA takes effect 20 days after adoption, unless a different date is specified.

Conclusion

Staff recommends the Planning Board transmit for introduction the proposed ZTA to the District Council, amending the SSARVO as recommended in the 2021 Ashton Village Center Sector Plan.

Attachment:

A – Proposed ZTA – Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone amendments.

Attachment A

Zoning Text Amendment No.: 21-## Concerning: Sandy Spring/Ashton

Rural Village Overlay Zone - Amendments

Draft No. & Date: 10/##/2021

Introduced: Public Hearing:

Adopted: Effective:

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT WITHIN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

Lead Sponsor: Council President at the request of the Planning Board

AN AMENDMENT to the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance to:

- Amend the language of the Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village Overlay Zone as recommended by the Ashton Rural Village Sector Plan.

By amending the following sections of the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 59 of the Montgomery County Code:

Division 4.9. "Overlay Zones"

Section 4.9.16. "Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village (SSA) Overlay Zone"

EXPLANATION: Boldface indicates a Heading or a defined term.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates text that is added to existing law by the original text amendment.

[Single boldface brackets] indicate text that is deleted from existing law by original text amendment.

<u>Double underlining</u> indicates text that is added to the text amendment by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] indicate text that is deleted from the text amendment by amendment.

* * * indicates existing law unaffected by the text amendment.

OPINION

ORDINANCE

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following ordinance:

Sec. 1. ARTICLE 59-4 is amended as follows:

)	DIVISION	49 OVERI	AY ZONES
<i>'</i> .	1/1 V 11/11//	T. / \ / Y 1/1\ 	

Section 4.9.16 Sandy Spring/Ashton Rural Village (SSA) Overlay Zone

4 A. Purpose

- The purpose of the SSA Overlay Zone is to[:]
- [1.] [P]preserve and enhance the rural village character of the Sandy Spring and Ashton village centers [by ensuring an attractive and traditional pattern of houses, commercial establishments, open spaces and their relationship to roadways.] using detailed site review and the continuation of community serving businesses within the village centers.
 - [2. Encourage a compatible relationship between new or expanded houses or businesses and traditional neighboring structures that reflects the best of local village character, particularly in terms of scale, siting, design features, and orientation on the site.]

[B. Sewer

Lots developed under the SSA Overlay zone must be connected to a community water and sewerage system, unless it can be demonstrated at the time of subdivision that limited number of lots on a private well and septic facility within the development will provide a more beneficial subdivision design because of environmental or compatibility reasons.]

[C.] B. Land Uses

- [Where a lot is either partially or totally in a Commercial/Residential or Employment zone:]
- [1. Multi-Unit Living, as allowed in the underlying zone, must be in a multi use building type.] If the underlying zone on the property is CRN, the following uses

28	may be continued, renovated, repaired, or reconstructed on the same site or a
29	contiguous property if they legally existed on ##/####, with the following
30	Standards:
31	1. A Drive-Thru not associated with a restaurant under the limited use
32	standards in Section 3.5.14.E.2.a.
33	2. A Filling Station under the conditional use standards in Section 3.5.13.C.2
34	and the procedures of a conditional use under Section 7.3.1.
35	[2. The following uses are prohibited:
36	a. Adult Entertainment;
37	b. Animal Research Facility;
38	c. Car Wash;
39	d. Combination Retail;
40	e. Drive-Thru in connection with a Restaurant;
41	f. Dry Cleaning Facility (Up to 3,000 SF);
42	g. Filling Station, except that any lawful Filling Station use in
43	existence as of the date of application of the Overlay zone is a
44	conforming use, and may be altered, repaired, or replaced under
45	the provisions of the zone in effect at the time the use was
46	established;
47	h. Helipad, Heliport;
48	i. Helistop;
49	j. The following Light Manufacturing and Production use:
50	newspaper, printing, and publishing;
51	k. Media Broadcast Tower;
52	1. Medical/Dental Laboratory;
53	m. Pipelines (Above Ground);
54	n. Recreation and Entertainment Facility;

55	o. Repair (Major);
56	p. Repair (Minor);
57	q. Research and Development;
58	r. Retail/Service Establishment (50,000 SF and Over);
59	s. The following Retail/Service Establishments: building materials
60	and supplies; furniture store, carpet, or related furnishing sales or
61	service; and pawnshop;
62	t. Self-Storage;
63	u. Shooting Range (Indoor);
64	v. Storage Facility;
65	w. Structured Parking;
66	x. Surface Parking for Use Allowed in the Zone;
67	y. Surface Parking for Commercial Uses in an Historic District; and
68	z. Vehicle/Equipment Sales and Rental, except any automobile rental
69	business in existence on October 13, 1998 may continue as a
70	conforming use, and may be altered, repaired, or replaced under
71	the provisions of the zone in effect at the time the use was
72	established.]
73	[D.] <u>C.</u> Development Standards
74	[1. Where a lot is in a Commercial/Residential or Employment zone:
75	a. The maximum height for all buildings is 24 feet, except that the Planning
76	Board may allow additional height up to 30 feet in the site plan approval
77	process, if the Planning Board finds that the additional height is
78	compatible with the abutting uses and substantially conforms with the
79	intent of the master plan.

b. The maximum density for commercial uses is 0.75 FAR, and is computed 80 only on the area of the underlying Commercial/Residential or 81 Employment zoned portion of the site. 82 c. Where a minimum area is required for a conditional use, the minimum 83 area may be waived where recommended as appropriate in the master 84 plan. 85 86 d. In areas recommended in the master plan for mixed use development, development must substantially conform with the recommendations of 87 88 the master plan. In the residential portions of the mixed-use areas, offstreet parking for commercial uses is allowed without a requirement 89 for approval of a conditional use.] 90 91 [2.] 1. Where a lot is in a Residential zone: [a. The density of development must not exceed the standards for the 92 underlying zone under optional method Cluster Development. 93 The Planning Board may approve lot sizes as small as 900 square feet 94 95 for a townhouse, 2,000 square feet for a duplex, and 3,000 square feet for any other building type, including a minimum of zero feet for side 96 setbacks on one side, upon a showing that the resulting development 97 98 will substantially conform with the recommendations of the master 99 plan.] [c.]a. The maximum height for all buildings is 35 feet; however, if in the 100 site plan approval process the Planning Board finds that additional 101 102 building height is compatible with the abutting uses and the building height substantially conforms to the intent of the master plan, the 103 104 maximum building height is 40 feet. 105

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[E.] D. Site Plan

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- 1. Site plan approval under Section 7.3.4 is required for:
 - a. construction of a new building;
- b. any addition or other exterior improvement to an existing building that increases the amount of gross floor area on a site; or
 - c. if required under Section 7.3.4.A.8.
- 2. Site plan approval is not required for development of <u>dwelling units in a residential zone [a detached house]</u> that proceeds under standard method development.
- [3. In addition to the site plan findings under Section 7.3.4.E, the Planning Board must find that all retail uses proposed in new or renovated buildings are directly accessible from a sidewalk, plaza, or other public space.]

[F. Parking

- 1. The Planning Board may allow some on-street parking to fulfill the requirement for off-street parking to enhance compatibility, provide additional open space and reduce impervious coverage.
- 2. Properties in a Residential zone that are designated in the master plan as suitable for mixed use or nonresidential use may be used for off-street parking in connection with commercial uses.
- 3. The SSA Overlay zone encourages the parking of vehicles behind the front building line. In addition, to reduce access points and thereby enhance safety, abutting parking facilities may be required to provide internal connections. In exceptional circumstances, limited parking may be allowed between the front lot line and the front building line.]

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132	Sec. 2. Effective date. This ordinance becomes effective 20 days after the
133	date of Council adoption.
134	
135	This is a correct copy of Council action.
136	
137	
138	Selena Mendy Singleton, Esq.
139	Clerk of the Council