AN ACT to:

(1) require certain County vehicles to use biodiesel fuel;
(2) require the Sustainability Working Group to conduct an annual inventory of sport utility vehicles in the County fleet and set criteria to identify which positions in County government should be assigned a sport utility vehicle;
(3) require the Sustainability Working Group to develop a strategy to achieve a significant improvement in average County fleet fuel economy standards;
(4) require the Sustainability Working Group to evaluate the costs and benefits of creating a car share program;
(5) require certain fuel retailers to sell low carbon fuel within a certain time after the Director of the Department of Environmental Protection finds that the fuel is widely available in the County;
(6) require the Sustainability Working Group to prepare a Telecommuting Action Plan;
(7) make stylistic changes; and
(8) generally amend the law relating to energy, environmental policy, and motor vehicles.

By amending
Montgomery County Code
Chapter 18A, Energy Policy
Sections 18A-1, 18A-5, 18A-8, and 18A-10

By adding
Montgomery County Code
Chapter 18A, Energy Policy
Article 3. Climate Protection – Motor Vehicles – County Fleet
[[By adding
 Montgomery County Code
 Chapter 18A, Energy Policy
 Article III. Climate Protection – Motor Vehicles – Private Sector]]

By [[adding]] amending
 Montgomery County Code
 Chapter 33, Personnel and Human Resources
 Section 33-24

| **Boldface**     | Heading or defined term. |
| **Underlining**  | Added to existing law by original bill. |
| [Single boldface brackets] | Deleted from existing law by original bill. |
| **Double_underlining** | Added by amendment. |
| [[Double boldface brackets]] | Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment. |
| **· · ·** | Existing law unaffected by bill. |

*The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:*
Sec. 1. The title to Chapter 18A and Section 18A-1, Section 18A-5, Section 18A-8 and Section 18A-10 are amended as follows:

Chapter 18A. [ENERGY POLICY] ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY.


18A-1. Findings and statement of purpose.

(a) In the interest of maintaining an adequate and reliable energy supply at reasonable cost, the County government recognizes the need to institutionalize through legislation an energy policy and energy planning program. In addition, the efficient use of energy directly benefits air quality, demonstrating the linkages necessary to achieve essential environmental goals. For this reason, the responsibilities of the Advisory Committee on Energy Conservation are expanded to include an advisory function with respect to air quality.

(b) The intent of this [Chapter] Article is to provide the initiative for County government to address energy issues and plan for a future which may be energy resource-constrained. It establishes the means to formulate ongoing policies, plans, programs and activities designed to foster energy conservation and to promote cost-effective alternatives to existing sources of energy and patterns of energy consumption while maintaining efforts to meet environmental goals.

(c) This [Chapter] Article is intended to serve as a vehicle for the promotion of energy consciousness throughout all segments of the community and for the development and implementation of immediate and long-range cooperative energy planning efforts in both the public and private sectors.
Energy and Air Quality Advisory Committee; establishment; terms of office; ex-officio members; etc.

(a) There is hereby established an Advisory Committee on Energy and Air Quality[; hereinafter referred to as the Committee,] to assist the County Council and the County Executive in carrying out the purposes of this [Chapter] Article and Chapter 3. The Committee consists of 15 members appointed by the County Executive, subject to confirmation by the County Council. One member must be designated by the Executive and confirmed by the Council to serve as chair of the Committee. [Appointees] Each appointee must be [citizens] a resident of the County who [are] is technically knowledgeable and interested in energy and air quality.

Duties and responsibilities.

The Committee has the following duties:

(a) Advise the County Executive and the County Council of the activities of the Committee in furthering the goals of this [Chapter] Article and Chapter 3;

(f) Carry out [such other] duties [as may be] assigned from time to time by the County Executive and the County Council to assist in fulfilling the purposes of this [Chapter] Article.

Administrative arrangements; support and organizational duties and functions of County government.

(a) The County Executive must designate a senior officer or employee of the executive branch of County government to provide executive direction to the performance of the functions and responsibilities
delineated in this [Chapter] Article and to report annually to the Executive and Council on the activities undertaken to further the goals of this [Chapter] Article.

(b) The County Executive may also establish [such] organizational and administrative arrangements as appropriate to promote the policies and purposes of this [Chapter] Article, including the following functions:

* * *

Sec. 2. Chapter 18A is amended by adding Article [[II]] 3 as follows:

Article [[II]] [[III]] 3. Climate Protection = Motor Vehicles = County Fleet.


In this Article, the following words have the meanings indicated:

"ASTM" means the American Society for Testing and Materials.

"B20" means a biodiesel blend of 20% biodiesel and 80% petroleum diesel fuels.

"Biodiesel" means [a fuel comprised of mono-alkyl esters of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats which conform to ASTM D6751 specifications for use in diesel engines] any biomass-based diesel fuel certified by the Environmental Protection Agency.

"Biodiesel blend" means a blend of biodiesel fuel [meeting the requirements of ASTM D6751], designated BXX, where XX represents the volume percentage of biodiesel fuel in the blend.

"Car share program" means a program that allows County employees to conduct County business using motor vehicles which:

(1) are owned or leased by the County; and

(2) County residents and businesses can lease when they are not being used for County business.
“County fleet” means all passenger vehicles and light trucks owned or leased by the County.

“County vehicle” means any motor vehicle owned or leased by the County.

“Department” means the Department of [(Public Works and)] Transportation General Services.

“Diesel fuel” means a distillate fuel for use in diesel engines.

“Director” means the Director of the Department or the Director’s designee.

“Fuel economy” means the federal Environmental Protection Agency’s combined (city and highway) fuel economy estimate for a vehicle.

“Light truck” means a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of less than 8,500 pounds which is:

1. designed primarily for transporting property;
2. designed primarily for transporting persons and has a capacity of more than 12 persons; or
3. available with special features that enable off-road operation or use.

“Miles per gallon” means the distance traveled in a vehicle powered by one gallon of fuel.

“Passenger vehicle” means a motor vehicle, except a light truck or motorcycle, designed to carry no more than 12 persons.

“Public safety vehicle” means a motor vehicle whose primary purpose is patrol, transport, emergency response, or another purpose that requires specialized equipment or capabilities, which is used by:

1. the Department of Police;
2. the Fire and Rescue Service;
3. the Department of Correction and Rehabilitation; or
4. any other County department or agency.


(a) Standard. A County vehicle with a diesel engine must use a biodiesel blend of B20 or higher unless the Director finds that there is a compelling reason to use:

(1) a different biodiesel or other biofuel blend; or

(2) another fuel that achieves greater greenhouse gas reductions.

(b) Applicability. This Section does not apply to any County vehicle for which mechanical failure due to use of biodiesel fuel would void the manufacturer’s warranty for that vehicle.

(c) The Director may waive the requirements of this subsection for up to 1 year if the Director finds that compliance is not feasible for a certain type of vehicle.


(a) The Sustainability Working Group must conduct an annual inventory of the County’s sport utility vehicles and:

[[(a)] (1) identify the function that each sport utility vehicle performs;

[(b)] (2) identify the most fuel-efficient type of vehicle that could reasonably and satisfactorily perform the function that each sport utility vehicle performs; and

[(c)] (3) eliminate or replace any sport utility vehicle for which a more fuel-efficient vehicle could reasonably and satisfactorily perform the identified function.

(b) The Sustainability Working Group must develop criteria to identify which positions in County government should be assigned a sport utility vehicle from the County fleet. The Director must follow this criteria when assigning vehicles from the County fleet.

(a) Standards. The Director must ensure that the County fleet meets the following fuel economy standards by January 1, 2012:

1. For passenger vehicles, the fleet average fuel economy must be at least 44 miles per gallon; and
2. For light trucks, the fleet average fuel economy must be at least 33 miles per gallon.} The Sustainability Working Group must develop a strategy to achieve a significant improvement in average County fleet fuel economy standards as part of the Climate Protection Plan required under Section 18A-14.

(b) Applicability. This Section does not apply to public safety vehicles.


By January 15, 2009, the Fire and Rescue Service, consulting with the Department of Public Works and Transportation, must:

(a) inventory the use of its public safety vehicles; and
(b) develop a strategy to assure that it uses appropriate public safety vehicles when responding to an emergency, including ways the Fire and Rescue Service can increase the use of fuel efficient vehicles.


(a) Costs and benefits. The Sustainability Working Group must evaluate the costs and benefits of creating a car share program for the purpose of reducing the:

1. number of motor vehicles in the County fleet; and
2. dependence of County residents and businesses on motor vehicle ownership.

(b) Factors to consider. The Sustainability Working Group must consider whether:
(1) a car share program will help:
   (A) reduce traffic;
   (B) increase transit use;
   (C) promote walking and biking;
   (D) reduce carbon emissions;
   (E) improve air quality; and
   (F) reduce demand for parking; and

(2) the County should partner with a private entity to develop a car
share program.

(c) Report. The [[Director]] Sustainability Working Group must submit a
report to the County Executive and County Council by [[July 1, 2008]]
January 15, 2009 that includes:

(1) findings regarding the costs and benefits of a car share program;

(2) recommendations as to:
   (A) whether the County should create, or provide incentives
       for the private sector to create, a car share program; and
   (B) the type of car share program that best suits the County’s
       needs.


By [[September 1]] January 15 each year, the [[Director]] Sustainability
Working Group must submit to the County Executive and County Council a report
on the:

(a) use of biodiesel in County vehicles, including the quantity, blend, price
    per gallon, and average fuel consumption;

(b) results of the inventory of sport utility vehicles conducted under Section
    7
[[18A-14]] 18A-19; and
(c) average fuel economy for passenger vehicles and light trucks in the County fleet.

[[Sec. 3. Chapter 18A is amended by adding Article III as follows:]]

[[Article III. Climate Protection - Motor Vehicles - Private Sector]]

[[18A-20. Low carbon fuel.]]

[[a] Definitions. In this Section, the following words have the meanings indicated:

"Average carbon intensity" means a measurement of a fuel’s adverse impact on the global climate, taking into account the fuel lifecycle, which is measured in grams of carbon dioxide equivalent per mega-joule of energy in the fuel (gCO2e/MJ).

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Protection or the Director’s designee.

"Fuel lifecycle" means the energy required to produce and use a fuel, including the extraction of raw materials, processing, refinement, distribution, and combustion.

"Fuel retailer" means a person that sells transportation fuel in the retail market.

"Low carbon fuel" means a transportation fuel with lower average carbon intensity than gasoline.]]

[[b] Director’s responsibilities. The Director must identify and evaluate available and emerging transportation fuels to determine whether each fuel is:

(1) a low carbon fuel; and

(2) widely available to fuel retailers in the County.]]

[[c] Average carbon intensity. In evaluating whether a transportation fuel is a low carbon fuel, the Department may rely on:
(1) the federal Environmental Protection Agency's findings regarding average carbon intensity; or
(2) any other nationally recognized assessment of the fuel's average carbon intensity.

[[d] Certification. If the Director finds that a low carbon fuel is widely available to fuel retailers in the County, the Director must certify that the fuel is widely available.]

[[e] Sale of low carbon fuel. If the Director certifies that a low carbon fuel is widely available, a fuel retailer must offer the certified fuel for sale to the public within 1 year after the Director certifies that the fuel is widely available.]

[[f] Regulations. The County Executive must adopt regulations under method (2) to administer this Section, including regulations that specify procedures for certifying low carbon fuels.]

Sec. [[4]] 3. Chapter 33 is amended by [[adding]] amending Section 33-24 as follows:

[[33-24]] 33-25 – 33-33 Reserved.

### 33-24. Telecommuting.

(a) Definitions. In this Section, the following words have the meanings indicated:

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Human Resources or the Director's designee.


"Telecommute" means a work arrangement in which some or all of the work is performed at an alternative work site such as a home or office space near a home.
(b) **Telecommuting Action Plan.** The [[Director]] Sustainability Working Group must prepare a Telecommuting Action Plan that sets out a plan for increasing the number of County employees who telecommute.

(c) **Contents.** The Telecommuting Action Plan must:

1. set numerical goals for the number of County employees who telecommute;
2. identify the circumstances under which a County employee may telecommute; and
3. identify procedures that a County employee must follow to obtain permission to telecommute.

(d) **Annual report.** The [[Director]] Sustainability Working Group must report to the County Executive and County Council by [[September 1]] January 15 of each year on the actions taken in the preceding fiscal year to implement the Telecommuting Action Plan.
Approved:

Michael J. Knapp, President, County Council

25 April 2008

Date

Approved:

Isiah Leggett, County Executive

2 May 2008

Date

This is a correct copy of Council action.