

## Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Service Division of Operations Emergency Medical and Integrated Healthcare Services

Office of Medical Oversight Clinical Practice Guideline

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Title:	Continuous ETCO2 Monitoring for Advanced Airways Number: 2022 – 02
Date:	April 12, 2022
Issued by:	Roger M. Stone MD, MS – MCFRS Medical Director
Purpose:	To require action when the ETCO2 waveform is lost while monitoring patients with an
	advanced airway
Target Patient	All patients with an advanced airway under the care of MCFRS ALS Clinicians
Population:	
Guideline:	This CPG replaces and rescinds CPG 2021-04,
	Continuous ETCO2 Monitoring for Intubated Patients
	The Maryland Medical Protocol requires continuous ETCO2 monitoring for all intubated
	patients but does not explicitly state actions that must be taken when ETCO2 waveform
	is lost.
	Continuous waveform ETCO2 monitoring is required for all patients with an
	advanced airway (extraglottic or endotracheal tube).
	Absence of an ETCO2 reading and/or waveform at any time should be an immediate
	cause for rapid attention and action. Clinicians must:
	<ul> <li>Assume that the advanced airway is not placed correctly until proven otherwise,</li> </ul>
	and
	<ul> <li>Rapidly troubleshoot by visualizing the glottis with video laryngoscopy,</li> </ul>
	suctioning, replacing the filterline sensor, or other actions based on clinical
	presentation and clinician judgment.
	If unable to reestablish ETCO2 values and without objective, verifiable proof that the
	advanced airway is placed correctly, clinicians must remove the tube.
	Troubleshooting steps and re-verification evidence must be thoroughly documented in
	the patient care report.
	The systemwide goal for unrecognized misplaced advanced airways, either by improper
	initial placement or by dislodgement is zero.